Anti-IP3 Receptor Antibody [JA11-35] - BSA and Azide free

HA752016

Product Type:	Recombinant Rabbit monoclonal IgG, primary antibodies
Species reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Applications:	WB, IHC-P, IHC-Fr, IF-Tissue
Molecular Wt:	Predicted band size: 314 kDa
Clone number:	JA11-35

Description: Intracellular channel that mediates calcium release from the endoplasmic reticulum following stimulation by inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate. Involved in the regulation of epithelial secretion of electrolytes and fluid through the interaction with AHCYL1. Plays a role in ER stress-induced apoptosis. Cytoplasmic calcium released from the ER triggers apoptosis by the activation of CaM kinase II, eventually leading to the activation of downstream apoptosis pathways.

Immunogen: Recombinant protein within Human IP3 Receptor aa 2190-2280 / 2758.

Positive control: Rat brain tissue lysate, Mouse brain tissue lysate, human cerebellum tissue, mouse cerebellum tissue, rat cerebellum tissue.

Subcellular location: Endoplasmic reticulum membrane, secretory vesicle membrane, perinuclear region.

Database links: SwissProt: Q14643 Human | P11881 Mouse | P29994 Rat

Storage Buffer: PBS (pH7.4).

Storage Instruction: Store at 2-8℃. Avoid freeze.

Purity: Protein A affinity purified.

Images

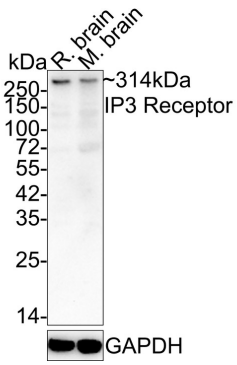

Fig1: This data was developed using ET1704-77, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Western blot analysis of IP3 Receptor on different lysates with Rabbit anti-IP3 Receptor antibody (ET1704-77) at 1/1,000 dilution.

Lane 1: Rat brain tissue lysate
Lane 2: Mouse brain tissue lysate

Lysates/proteins at 40 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 314 kDa
Observed band size: 314 kDa

Exposure time: 3 minutes; ECL: K1801;
4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.

Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% NFDM/TBST for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody (ET1704-77) at 1/1,000 dilution was used in 5% NFDM/TBST at 4℃ overnight. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1/50,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.

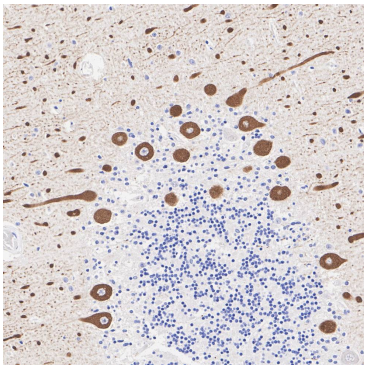

Fig2: This data was developed using ET1704-77, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human cerebellum tissue with Rabbit anti-IP3 Receptor antibody (ET1704-77) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET1704-77) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

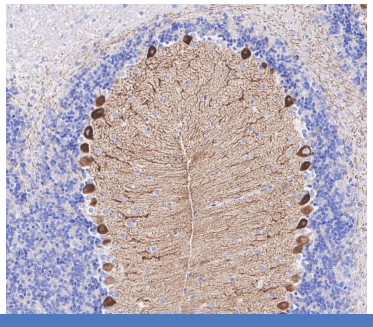

Fig3: This data was developed using ET1704-77, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse cerebellum tissue with Rabbit anti-IP3 Receptor antibody (ET1704-77) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody

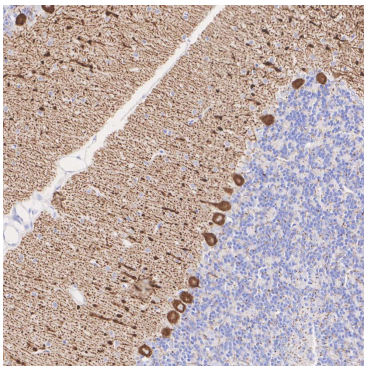

Fig4: This data was developed using ET1704-77, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat cerebellum tissue with Rabbit anti-IP3 Receptor antibody (ET1704-77) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET1704-77) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

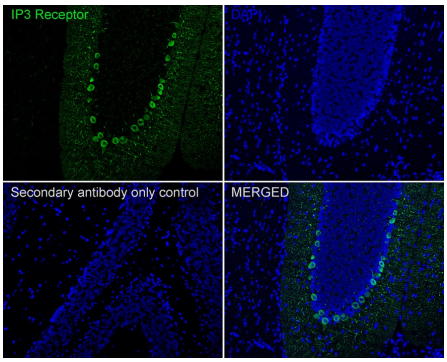

Fig5: This data was developed using ET1704-77, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Application: IHC-Fr

Species: Mouse

Site: Cerebellum

Sample: Frozen section

Antibody concentration: 1/500

Antigen retrieval: The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for about 2 minutes in microwave oven.

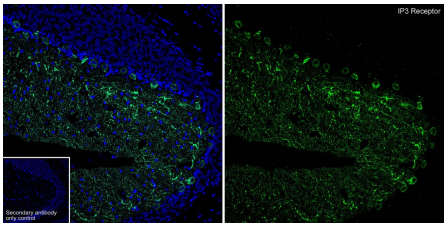

Fig6: This data was developed using ET1704-77, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Application: IHC-Fr

Species: Rat

Site: cerebellum

Sample: Frozen section

Antibody concentration: 1/500

Antigen retrieval: Not required

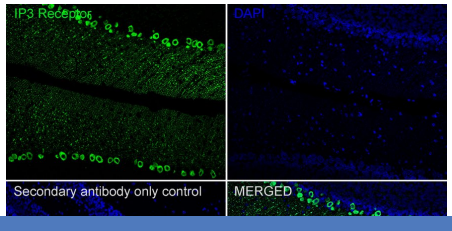

Fig7: This data was developed using ET1704-77, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Application: IF-tissue

Species: Mouse

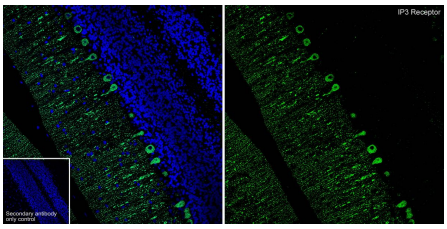

Fig8: This data was developed using ET1704-77, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Application: IF-Tissue

Species: Rat

Site: cerebellum

Sample: Paraffin-embedded section

Antibody concentration: 1/500

Note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".

Background References

1. Cao X. et. al. ORP4L couples IP(3) to ITPR1 in control of endoplasmic reticulum calcium release. FASEB J. 2019 Dec
2. Synofzik M. et. al. De novo ITPR1 variants are a recurrent cause of early-onset ataxia, acting via loss of channel function. Eur J Hum Genet. 2018 Nov