

# Anti-CD163 Antibody [PSH18-98] - BSA and Azide free

## HA751688



<b>Product Type:</b>	Recombinant Rabbit monoclonal IgG, primary antibodies
<b>Species reactivity:</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Applications:</b>	WB, IF-Cell, IHC-P
<b>Molecular Wt:</b>	Predicted band size: 121 kDa
<b>Clone number:</b>	PSH18-98

**Description:** CD163, also designated M130, is a macrophage-associated antigen that is a member of the scavenger receptor cysteine-rich (SRCR) superfamily. It is highly expressed on macrophages and to a lesser extent on monocytes. The acute phase-regulated and signal-inducing macrophage protein, CD163, is a receptor that scavenges hemoglobin by mediating endocytosis of haptoglobin-hemoglobin complexes. CD163 binds only haptoglobin and hemoglobin in complex, which indicates the exposure of a receptor-binding neopeptide. The receptor-ligand interaction is calcium-dependent and of high affinity. The existence of several CD163 isoforms, which differ in the structure of their cytoplasmic domains and putative phosphorylation sites, suggests that these isoforms also differ in their signaling mechanism. The gene which encodes CD163 maps to human chromosome 12p13.31.

**Positive control:** Mouse liver tissue lysate, Mouse spleen tissue lysate, Rat liver tissue lysate, rat spleen tissue lysates, mouse spleen cells, human liver tissue, human spleen tissue, mouse liver tissue, mouse spleen tissue, rat liver tissue, rat spleen tissue.

**Subcellular location:** Cell membrane; Secreted.

**Database links:** SwissProt: Q86VB7 Human | Q2VLH6 Mouse | A0A8I5ZQF0 Rat

**Recommended Dilutions:**

<b>WB</b>	1:5,000
<b>IF-Cell</b>	1:500
<b>IHC-P</b>	1:1,000

**Storage Buffer:** PBS (pH7.4).

**Storage Instruction:** Store at +4°C after thawing. Aliquot store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

**Purity:** Protein A affinity purified.

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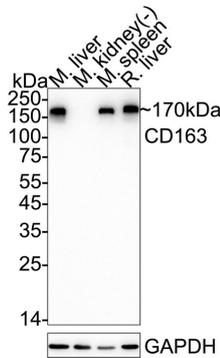
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## Images



**Fig1:** Western blot analysis of CD163 on different lysates with Rabbit anti-CD163 antibody (HA751688) at 1/5,000 dilution.

Lane 1: Mouse liver tissue lysate  
 Lane 2: Mouse kidney tissue lysate (negative)  
 Lane 3: Mouse spleen tissue lysate  
 Lane 4: Rat liver tissue lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 121 kDa  
 Observed band size: 170 kDa

Exposure time: 1 minute 50 seconds; ECL: K1801;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.

Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% NFDN/TBST for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody (HA751688) at 1/5,000 dilution was used in primary antibody dilution (K1803) at 4°C overnight. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1/50,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.

**Fig2:** Western blot analysis of CD163 on rat spleen tissue lysates with Rabbit anti-CD163 antibody (HA751688) at 1/5,000 dilution.

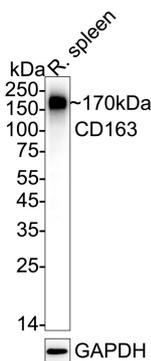
Lysates/proteins at 20 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 121 kDa  
 Observed band size: 170 kDa

Exposure time: 10 seconds; ECL: K1801;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.

Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% NFDN/TBST for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody (HA751688) at 1/5,000 dilution was used in primary antibody dilution (K1803) at 4°C overnight. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1/50,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.



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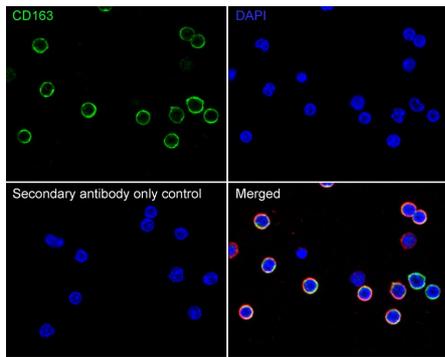
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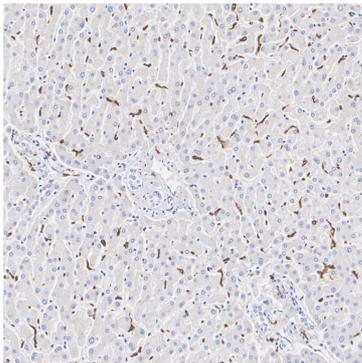
**Fig3:** Immunocytochemistry analysis of mouse spleen cells labeling CD163 with Rabbit anti-CD163 antibody (HA751688) at 1/500 dilution.



Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 15 minutes at room temperature, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS for 15 minutes at room temperature, then blocked with 1% BSA in 10% negative goat serum for 1 hour at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-CD163 antibody (HA751688) at 1/500 dilution in primary antibody dilution (K1803) overnight at 4 °C. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor™ 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

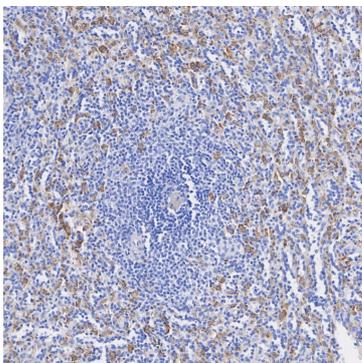
Beta tubulin (HA601187, red) was stained at 1/100 dilution overnight at +4 °C. Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (iFluor™ 594, HA1126) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

**Fig4:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver tissue with Rabbit anti-CD163 antibody (HA751688) at 1/1,000 dilution.

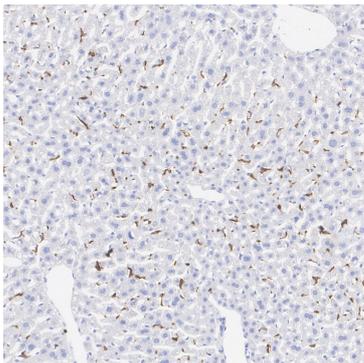


The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA751688) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

**Fig5:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human spleen tissue with Rabbit anti-CD163 antibody (HA751688) at 1/1,000 dilution.

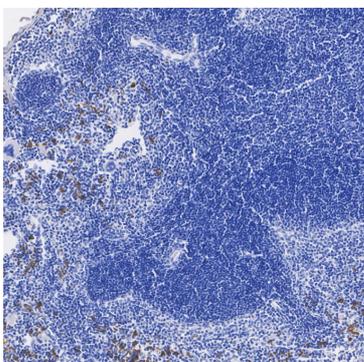


The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA751688) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



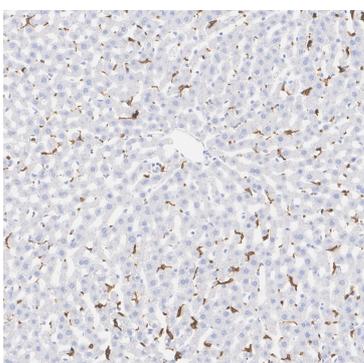
**Fig6:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse liver tissue with Rabbit anti-CD163 antibody (HA751688) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA751688) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



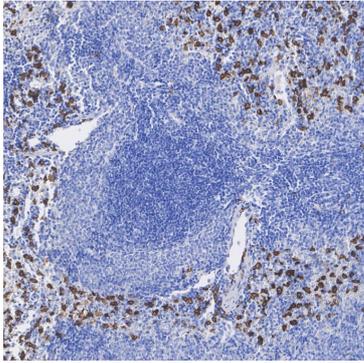
**Fig7:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse spleen tissue with Rabbit anti-CD163 antibody (HA751688) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA751688) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



**Fig8:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat liver tissue with Rabbit anti-CD163 antibody (HA751688) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA751688) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



**Fig9:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat spleen tissue with Rabbit anti-CD163 antibody (HA751688) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA751688) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

**Note:** All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".

### Background References

1. Rowland RRR et al. Role of CD163 in PRRSV infection. *Virology*. 2024 Dec
2. Mori M et al. CD163(+) Macrophages Induce Endothelial-to-Mesenchymal Transition in Atheroma. *Circ Res*. 2024 Jul

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