Anti-Histone H3 (mono methyl K4) Antibody [PSH07-15] - BSA and Azide free

HA751136

Product Type: Recombinant Rabbit monoclonal IgG, primary antibodies

Species reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications: WB, IF-Cell, ChIP, Dot Blot

Molecular Wt: Predicted band size: 15 kDa

Clone number: PSH07-15

Description: In eukaryotes, DNA is wrapped around histone octamers to form the basic unit of chromatin

structure. The octamer is composed of histones H2A, H2B, H3 and H4, and it associates with approximately 200 base pairs of DNA to form the nucleosome. The association of DNA with histones results in dense packing of chromatin, which restricts proteins involved in gene transcription from binding to DNA. p300 preferentially acetylates Histone H3 at lysines 14 and 18 and Histone H4 at lysines 5 and 8. PCAF in its native form, primarily acetylates Histone H3 at lysine 14 to a monoacetylated form, and less efficiently acetylates Histone H4 at lysine 8. Histone H4 may also be acetylated at lysines 12 and 16, and the involvement of acetylated H4 with Histones H2A, H2B and H3 suggests that acetylated histones may be

involved in dynamic chromatin remodeling.

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding mono-methyl Lys4 of human

histone H3 protein.

Positive control: A549 cell lysate, HeLa cell lysate, NIH/3T3 cell lysate, C2C12 cell lysate, PC-12 cell lysate,

C6 cell lysate, HeLa, C6.

Subcellular location: Nucleus, Chromosome.

Database links: SwissProt: P68431 Human | P84243 Human | Q16695 Human | Q6NXT2 Human | Q71DI3

Human | P68433 Mouse | P84228 Mouse | Q6LED0 Rat

Recommended Dilutions:

WB 1:1,000 **IF-Cell** 1:100

ChIP Use 0.5~2 µg for 25 µg of chromatin.

Dot Blot 1:1,000

Storage Buffer: PBS (pH7.4).

Storage Instruction: Store at +4 °C after thawing. Aliquot store at -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

Purity: Protein A affinity purified.

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Images

Fig1: Western blot analysis of Histone H3 (mono methyl K4) on different lysates with Rabbit anti-Histone H3 (mono methyl K4) antibody (HA751136) at 1/1,000 dilution.

Lane 1: A549 cell lysate Lane 2: HeLa cell lysate Lane 3: NIH/3T3 cell lysate Lane 4: C2C12 cell lysate Lane 5: PC-12 cell lysate Lane 6: C6 cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 15 kDa Observed band size: 15 kDa

Exposure time: 10 seconds; ECL: K1801;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.

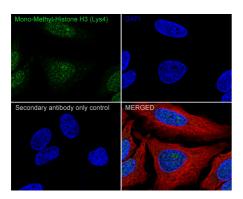


Fig2: Immunocytochemistry analysis of HeLa cells labeling Histone H3 (mono methyl K4) with Rabbit anti-Histone H3 (mono methyl K4) antibody (HA751136) at 1/100 dilution.

Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 20 minutes at room temperature, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS for 5 minutes at room temperature, then blocked with 1% BSA in 10% negative goat serum for 1 hour at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-Histone H3 (mono methyl K4) antibody (HA751136) at 1/100 dilution in 1% BSA in PBST overnight at 4 °C. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor™ 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Beta tubulin (M1305-2, red) was stained at 1/100 dilution overnight at +4 $^{\circ}$ C. Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (iFluor TM 594, HA1126) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

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Secondary antibody only control

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Fig3: Immunocytochemistry analysis of C6 cells labeling Histone H3 (mono methyl K4) with Rabbit anti-Histone H3 (mono methyl K4) antibody (HA751136) at 1/100 dilution.

Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 20 minutes at room temperature, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS for 5 minutes at room temperature, then blocked with 1% BSA in 10% negative goat serum for 1 hour at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-Histone H3 (mono methyl K4) antibody (HA751136) at 1/100 dilution in 1% BSA in PBST overnight at 4 ℃. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor™ 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Beta tubulin (M1305-2, red) was stained at 1/100 dilution overnight at $+4^{\circ}$ C. Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (iFluor 594, HA1126) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

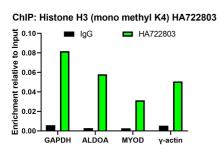


Fig4: Chromatin immunoprecipitations were performed with cross-linked chromatin from U-2 OS cells with Histone H3 (mono methyl K4) (HA751136) or Normal Rabbit IgG according to the ChIP protocol. The enriched DNA was quantified by real-time PCR using indicated primers. The amount of immunoprecipitated DNA in each sample is represented as signal relative to the total amount of input chromatin, which is equivalent to one.

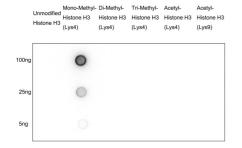


Fig5: Dot blot analysis of Histone H3 (mono methyl K4) on different proteins with Rabbit anti-Histone H3 (mono methyl K4) antibody (HA751136) at 1/1,000 dilution. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1/50,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.

Lane 1: Unmodified Histone H3 (negative)

Lane 2: Mono-Methyl-Histone H3 (Lys4) (positive)

Lane 3: Di-Methyl-Histone H3 (Lys4) (negative)

Lane 4: Tri-Methyl-Histone H3 (Lys4) (negative)

Lane 5: Acetyl-Histone H3 (Lys4) (negative)

Lane 6: Acetyl-Histone H3 (Lys9) (negative)

Proteins loading: 100ng, 25ng, 5ng;

Blocking and dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST;

Exposure time: 15 seconds; ECL: K1801.

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Note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".

Background References

- 1. Wani S et al. Human SCP4 is a chromatin-associated CTD phosphatase and exhibits the dynamic translocation during erythroid differentiation. J Biochem 160:111-20 (2016).
- 2. Ni JZ et al. A transgenerational role of the germline nuclear RNAi pathway in repressing heat stress-induced transcriptional activation in C. elegans. Epigenetics Chromatin 9:3 (2016).