Anti-Phospho-c-Jun (S73)+JunD (S100) Antibody [PSH07-12] - BSA and Azide free

HA751133

Product Type: Recombinant Rabbit monoclonal IgG, primary antibodies

Species reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications: WB, IF-Cell

Molecular Wt: Predicted band size: 36 kDa

Clone number: PSH07-12

Description: Transcription factor Jun is a protein that in humans is encoded by the JUN gene. c-Jun, in

combination with protein c-Fos, forms the AP-1 early response transcription factor. It was first identified as the Fos-binding protein p39 and only later rediscovered as the product of the JUN gene. c-jun was the first oncogenic transcription factor discovered. The proto-oncogene c-Jun is the cellular homolog of the viral oncoprotein v-jun (P05411). The viral homolog v-jun was discovered in avian sarcoma virus 17 and was named for ju-nana, the Japanese word for 17. The human JUN encodes a protein that is highly similar to the viral protein, which interacts directly with specific target DNA sequences to regulate gene expression. This gene is intronless and is mapped to 1p32-p31, a chromosomal region

involved in both translocations and deletions in human malignancies.

Immunogen: Synthetic phospho-peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Ser73 of human c-Jun.

Positive control: HeLa treated with 25µg/mL Anisomycin for 30 minutes cell lysate, NIH/3T3 treated with

250ng/mL Anisomycin for 30 minutes cell lysate, C6 treated with 25µg/mL Anisomycin for 30

minutes cell lysate, HeLa cells treated with UV for 1 hour.

Subcellular location: Nucleus.

Database links: SwissProt: P05412 Human | P17535 Human | P05627 Mouse | P15066 Mouse | P17325

Rat | P52909 Rat

Recommended Dilutions:

WB 1:2,000 **IF-Cell** 1:500

Storage Buffer: PBS (pH7.4).

Storage Instruction: Store at +4 $^{\circ}$ C after thawing. Aliquot store at -20 $^{\circ}$ C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

Purity: Protein A affinity purified.

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Images

kDa ke² klift^S c⁶
250150100755545352514GAPDH
- + + + + + Anisomycin

Fig1: Western blot analysis of Phospho-c-Jun (S73)+JunD (S100) on different lysates with Rabbit anti-Phospho-c-Jun (S73)+JunD (S100) antibody (HA751133) at 1/2,000 dilution.

Lane 1: HeLa cell lysate (20 µg/Lane)

Lane 2: HeLa treated with 25µg/mL Anisomycin for 30 minutes cell lysate (20 µg/Lane)

Lane 3: NIH/3T3 cell lysate (20 µg/Lane)

Lane 4: NIH/3T3 treated with 250ng/mL Anisomycin for 30 minutes

cell lysate (20 µg/Lane)

Lane 5: C6 cell lysate (20 µg/Lane)

Lane 6: C6 treated with 25µg/mL Anisomycin for 30 minutes cell

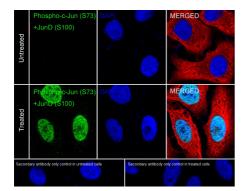
lysate (20 µg/Lane)

Predicted band size: 36 kDa Observed band size: 36-40 kDa

Exposure time: 30 seconds; ECL: K1801;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.

Fig2: Immunocytochemistry analysis of HeLa cells treated with UV for 1 hour labeling Phospho-c-Jun (S73)+JunD (S100) with Rabbit anti-Phospho-c-Jun (S73)+JunD (S100) antibody (HA751133) at 1/500 dilution.



Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 20 minutes at room temperature, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS for 5 minutes at room temperature, then blocked with 1% BSA in 10% negative goat serum for 1 hour at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-Phospho-c-Jun (S73)+JunD (S100) antibody (HA751133) at 1/500 dilution in 1% BSA in PBST overnight at 4 °C. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor™ 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Beta tubulin (M1305-2, red) was stained at 1/100 dilution overnight at $+4^{\circ}$ C. Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (iFluor 594, HA1126) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

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Background References

- 1. Jia Y et al. Long non-coding RNA NEAT1 mediated RPRD1B stability facilitates fatty acid metabolism and lymph node metastasis via c-Jun/c-Fos/SREBP1 axis in gastric cancer. J Exp Clin Cancer Res. 2022 Sep
- 2. Zhong H et al. c-JUN is a barrier in hESC to cardiomyocyte transition. Life Sci Alliance. 2023 Aug