Anti-NCAM1 / CD56 Antibody [PSH06-53] - BSA and Azide free HA751105

Product Type: Recombinant Rabbit monoclonal IgG, primary antibodies

Species reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications: WB, IHC-P, IF-Cell, FC, IP

Molecular Wt: Predicted band size: 95 kDa

Clone number: PSH06-53

Description: Neural cell adhesion molecule (NCAM), also called CD56, is a homophilic binding

glycoprotein expressed on the surface of neurons, glia and skeletal muscle. Although CD56 is often considered a marker of neural lineage commitment due to its discovery site, CD56 expression is also found in, among others, the hematopoietic system. Here, the expression of CD56 is mostly associated with, but not limited to, natural killer cells. CD56 has been detected on other lymphoid cells, including gamma delta ($\gamma\delta$) T cells and activated CD8+ T cells, as well as on dendritic cells. NCAM has been implicated as having a role in cell–cell

adhesion, neurite outgrowth, synaptic plasticity, and learning and memory.

Immunogen: Recombinant protein within human NCAM1 aa 1-739.

Positive control: SH-SY5Y cell lysate, C6 cell lysate, Rat brain tissue lysate, human brain tissue, rat brain

tissue, SH-SY5Y, C6, human peripheral blood lymphocytes.

Subcellular location: Cell membrane.

Database links: SwissProt: P13591 Human | P13595 Mouse | P13596 Rat

Recommended Dilutions:

WB 1:3,000 IHC-P 1:1,000 IF-Cell 1:100-1:1.

 IF-Cell
 1:100-1:1,000

 FC
 1:1,000

 IP
 1-2μg/sample

Storage Buffer: PBS (pH7.4).

Storage Instruction: Store at +4 $^{\circ}$ C after thawing. Aliquot store at -20 $^{\circ}$ C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

Purity: Protein A affinity purified.

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062880 **Technical**:0086-571-89986345

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Images

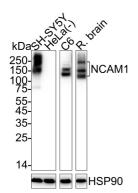


Fig1: Western blot analysis of NCAM1 / CD56 on different lysates with Rabbit anti-NCAM1 / CD56 antibody (HA751105) at 1/3,000 dilution.

Lane 1: SH-SY5Y cell lysate (20 µg/Lane)

Lane 2: HeLa cell lysate (negative) (20 µg/Lane)

Lane 3: C6 cell lysate (20 µg/Lane)

Lane 4: Rat brain tissue lysate (20 µg/Lane)

Predicted band size: 95 kDa Observed band size: 120-250 kDa

Exposure time: 5 seconds; ECL: K1801;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.

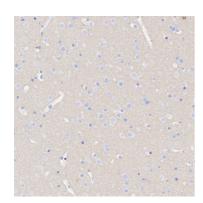


Fig2: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue with Rabbit anti-NCAM1 / CD56 antibody (HA751105) at 1/1.000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH $_2$ O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA751105) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

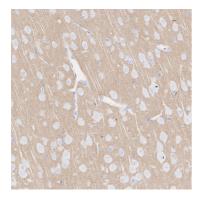


Fig3: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat brain tissue with Rabbit anti-NCAM1 / CD56 antibody (HA751105) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA751105) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

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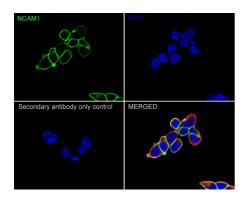
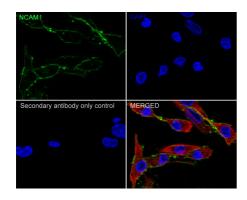


Fig4: Immunocytochemistry analysis of SH-SY5Y cells labeling NCAM1 / CD56 with Rabbit anti-NCAM1 / CD56 antibody (HA751105) at 1/1,000 dilution.

Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 20 minutes at room temperature, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS for 5 minutes at room temperature, then blocked with 1% BSA in 10% negative goat serum for 1 hour at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-NCAM1 / CD56 antibody (HA751105) at 1/1,000 dilution in 1% BSA in PBST overnight at 4 ℃. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor™ 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Beta tubulin (M1305-2, red) was stained at 1/100 dilution overnight at $+4^{\circ}$ C. Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (iFluor 594, HA1126) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

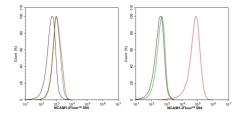
Fig5: Immunocytochemistry analysis of C6 cells labeling NCAM1 / CD56 with Rabbit anti-NCAM1 / CD56 antibody (HA751105) at 1/100 dilution.



Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 20 minutes at room temperature, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS for 5 minutes at room temperature, then blocked with 1% BSA in 10% negative goat serum for 1 hour at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-NCAM1 / CD56 antibody (HA751105) at 1/100 dilution in 1% BSA in PBST overnight at 4 $^{\circ}$ C. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor $^{\circ}$ 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Beta tubulin (M1305-2, red) was stained at 1/100 dilution overnight at $+4^{\circ}$ C. Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (iFluor 594, HA1126) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

Fig6: Flow cytometric analysis of HeLa (left, negative) and SH-SY5Y (right, positive) cells labeling NCAM1 / CD56.



Cells were washed twice with cold PBS and resuspend. Then stained with the primary antibody (HA751105, 1/1,000) (red) compared with Rabbit IgG Isotype Control (green). After incubation of the primary antibody at +4 $^{\circ}$ C for an hour, the cells were stained with a iFluor † 594 conjugate-Goat anti-Rabbit IgG Secondary antibody (HA1122) at 1/1,000 dilution for 30 minutes at +4 $^{\circ}$ C. Unlabelled sample was used as a control (cells without incubation with primary antibody; black).

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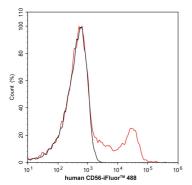


Fig7: Flow cytometric analysis of human peripheral blood lymphocytes labeling NCAM1 / CD56.

Cells were washed twice with cold PBS and resuspend. Then stained with the primary antibody (HA751105, $1\mu g/mL$) (red). After incubation of the primary antibody at $+4^{\circ}C$ for an hour, the cells were stained with a iFluor $^{\dagger}M$ 488 conjugate-Goat anti-Rabbit IgG Secondary antibody (HA1121) at 1/1,000 dilution for 30 minutes at $+4^{\circ}C$. Unlabelled sample was used as a control (cells without incubation with primary antibody; black).

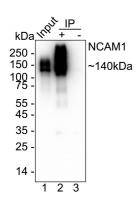


Fig8: NCAM1 / CD56 was immunoprecipitated from 0.2 mg SH-SY5Y cell lysate with HA751105 at 2 μ g/25 μ l agarose. Western blot was performed from the immunoprecipitate using HA751105 at 1/1,000 dilution. Anti-Rabbit IgG for IP Nano-secondary antibody (NBI01H) at 1/5,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.

Lane 1: SH-SY5Y cell lysate (input)

Lane 2: HA751105 IP in SH-SY5Y cell lysate

Lane 3: Rabbit IgG instead of HA751105 in SH-SY5Y cell lysate

Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST Exposure time: 2 seconds; ECL: K1801

Note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".

Background References

- 1. Shiwaku H et al. Autoantibodies against NCAM1 from patients with schizophrenia cause schizophrenia-related behavior and changes in synapses in mice. Cell Rep Med. 2022 Apr
- 2. Jennings MJ et al. NCAM1 and GDF15 are biomarkers of Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease in patients and mice. Brain. 2022 Nov