Anti-Rab1A Antibody [PSH03-62] - BSA and Azide free

HA750896

Product Type:	Recombinant Rabbit monoclonal IgG, primary antibodies
Species reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Applications:	WB, IHC-P, IF-Cell, FC
Molecular Wt:	Predicted band size: 23 kDa
Clone number:	PSH03-62

Description: This gene encodes a member of the Ras superfamily of GTPases. Members of the gene family cycle between inactive GDP-bound and active GTP-bound forms. This small GTPase controls vesicle traffic from the endoplasmic reticulum to the Golgi apparatus. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been identified for this gene which encode different protein isoforms.

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide within human Rab1A aa 156-205 / 205.

Positive control: U-87 MG cell lysate, U-2 OS cell lysate, A549 cell lysate, HCT 116 cell lysate, NIH/3T3 cell lysate, C2C12 cell lysate, C6 cell lysate, mouse brain tissue lysate, mouse liver tissue lysate, rat brain tissue lysate, rat liver tissue lysate, human kidney tissue, mouse brain tissue, mouse kidney tissue, rat brain tissue, rat kidney tissue, U-87 MG, C2C12, C6.

Subcellular location: Golgi apparatus, Endoplasmic reticulum, Early endosome, Cytoplasm, cytosol, Membrane, Melanosome.

Database links: SwissProt: P62820 Human | P62821 Mouse | Q6NYB7 Rat

Recommended Dilutions:

WB	1:2,000
IHC-P	1:200-1:1,000
IF-Cell	1:100-1:200
FC	1:1,000

Storage Buffer: PBS (pH7.4).

Storage Instruction: Store at +4℃ after thawing. Aliquot store at -20℃. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

Purity: Protein A affinity purified.

Images

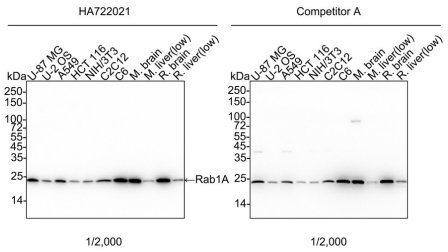

Fig1: Western blot analysis of Rab1A on different lysates with Rabbit anti-Rab1A antibody (HA750896) at 1/2,000 dilution and competitor's antibody at 1/2,000 dilution.

Lane 1: U-87 MG cell lysate
Lane 2: U-2 OS cell lysate
Lane 3: A549 cell lysate
Lane 4: HCT 116 cell lysate
Lane 5: NIH/3T3 cell lysate
Lane 6: C2C12 cell lysate
Lane 7: C6 cell lysate
Lane 8: Mouse brain tissue lysate
Lane 9: Mouse liver tissue lysate (low expression)
Lane 10: Rat brain tissue lysate
Lane 11: Rat liver tissue lysate (low expression)

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 23 kDa
Observed band size: 23 kDa

Exposure time: Lane 1-11 (left): 10 seconds; Lane 1-11 (right): 28 seconds; ECL: K1801;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.

Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% NFDM/TBST for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody (HA750896) at 1/2,000 dilution and competitor's antibody at 1/2,000 dilution were used in 5% NFDM/TBST at 4℃ overnight. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1/50,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.

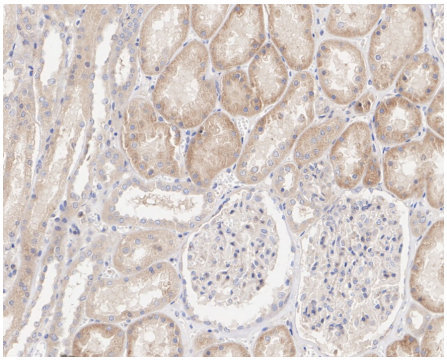

Fig2: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human kidney tissue with Rabbit anti-Rab1A antibody (HA750896) at 1/200 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA750896) at 1/200 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

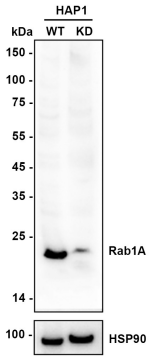

Fig3: Western blot analysis of Rab1A on different lysates with Rabbit anti-Rab1A antibody (HA750896) at 1/5,000 dilution.

Lane 1: HAP1-parental cell lysate
Lane 2: HAP1-Rab1A KD cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 10 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 23 kDa
Observed band size: 23 kDa

Exposure time: 1 minute; ECL: K1801;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.

Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% NFDM/TBST for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody (HA750896) at 1/5,000 dilution was used in primary antibody dilution (K1803) at 4℃ overnight. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1/50,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.

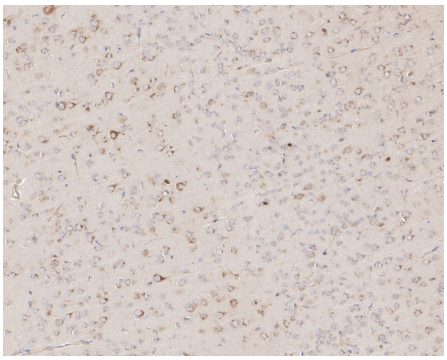

Fig4: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse brain tissue with Rabbit anti-Rab1A antibody (HA750896) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA750896) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

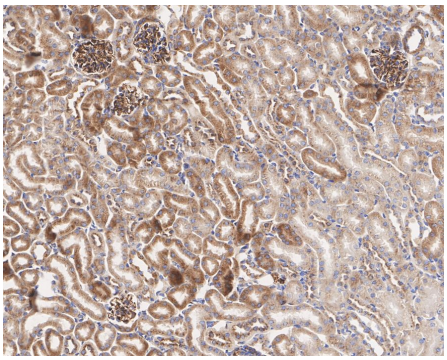

Fig5: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse kidney tissue with Rabbit anti-Rab1A antibody (HA750896) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA750896) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

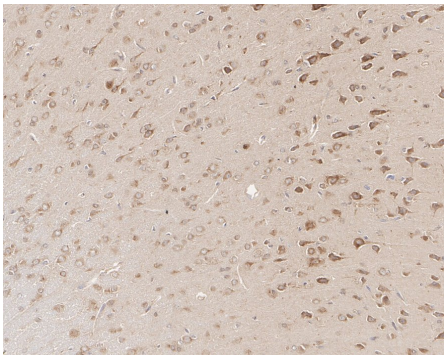

Fig6: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat brain tissue with Rabbit anti-Rab1A antibody (HA750896) at 1/200 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA750896) at 1/200 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

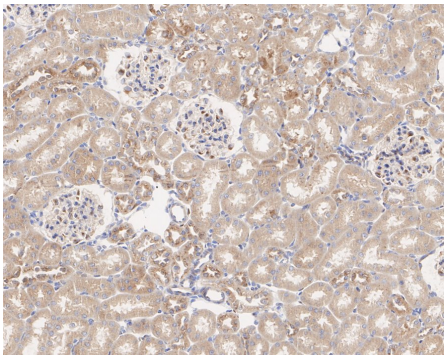

Fig7: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat kidney tissue with Rabbit anti-Rab1A antibody (HA750896) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA750896) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

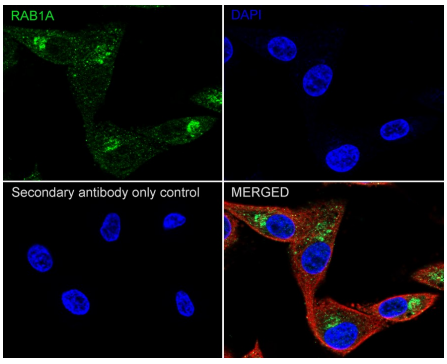

Fig8: Immunocytochemistry analysis of U-87 MG cells labeling Rab1A with Rabbit anti-Rab1A antibody (HA750896) at 1/100 dilution.

Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 20 minutes at room temperature, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS for 5 minutes at room temperature, then blocked with 1% BSA in 10% negative goat serum for 1 hour at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-Rab1A antibody (HA750896) at 1/100 dilution in 1% BSA in PBST overnight at 4 ℃. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor™ 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Beta tubulin (M1305-2, red) was stained at 1/100 dilution overnight at +4℃. Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (iFluor™ 594, HA1126) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

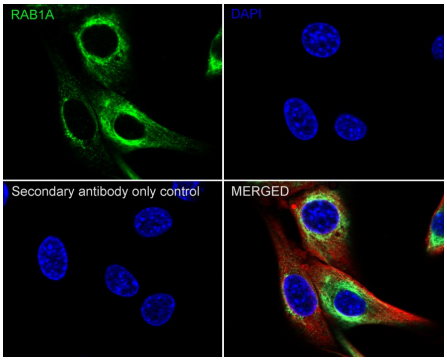

Fig9: Immunocytochemistry analysis of C2C12 cells labeling Rab1A with Rabbit anti-Rab1A antibody (HA750896) at 1/200 dilution.

Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 20 minutes at room temperature, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS for 5 minutes at room temperature, then blocked with 1% BSA in 10% negative goat serum for 1 hour at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-Rab1A antibody (HA750896) at 1/200 dilution in 1% BSA in PBST overnight at 4 ℃. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor™ 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Beta tubulin (M1305-2, red) was stained at 1/100 dilution overnight at +4℃. Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (iFluor™ 594, HA1126) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

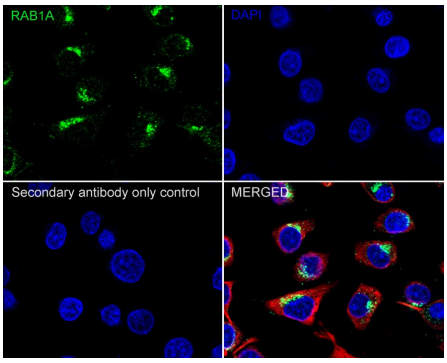

Fig10: Immunocytochemistry analysis of C6 cells labeling Rab1A with Rabbit anti-Rab1A antibody (HA750896) at 1/100 dilution.

Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 20 minutes at room temperature, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS for 5 minutes at room temperature, then blocked with 1% BSA in 10% negative goat serum for 1 hour at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-Rab1A antibody (HA750896) at 1/100 dilution in 1% BSA in PBST overnight at 4 ℃. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor™ 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Beta tubulin (M1305-2, red) was stained at 1/100 dilution overnight at +4℃. Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (iFluor™ 594, HA1126) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

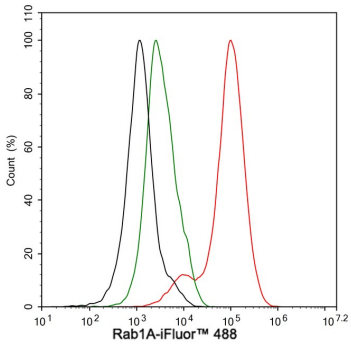

Fig11: Flow cytometric analysis of U-87 MG cells labeling Rab1A.

Cells were fixed and permeabilized. Then stained with the primary antibody (HA750896, 1μg/mL) (red) compared with Rabbit IgG Isotype Control (green). After incubation of the primary antibody at +4℃ for an hour, the cells were stained with a iFluor™ 488 conjugate-Goat anti-Rabbit IgG Secondary antibody (HA1121) at 1/1,000 dilution for 30 minutes at +4℃. Unlabelled sample was used as a control (cells without incubation with primary antibody; black).

Background References

1. Zhang X et al. Amino acids-Rab1A-mTORC1 signaling controls whole-body glucose homeostasis. Cell Rep. 2021 Mar
2. Peng C et al. Rab1A promotes cell proliferation and migration by upregulating Gli1 in colorectal cancer. Sci Rep. 2021 Aug