## Anti-EAAT2 Antibody [PS01-62] - BSA and Azide free HA750609

Product Type: Recombinant Rabbit monoclonal IgG, primary antibodies

Species reactivity: Mouse, Rat, Human

Applications: WB, IHC-P, IHC-Fr

Molecular Wt: Predicted band size: 62 kDa

Clone number: PS01-62

**Description:** Excitatory amino acid transporter 2 (EAAT2) also known as solute carrier family 1 member 2

(SLC1A2) and glutamate transporter 1 (GLT-1) is a protein that in humans is encoded by the SLC1A2 gene. Alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene have been described, but their full-length nature is not known. SLC1A2 / EAAT2 is a member of a family of the solute carrier family of proteins. The membrane-bound protein is the principal transporter that clears the excitatory neurotransmitter glutamate from the extracellular space at synapses in the central nervous system. Glutamate clearance is necessary for proper synaptic activation and to prevent neuronal damage from excessive activation of glutamate receptors. EAAT2 is

responsible for over 90% of glutamate reuptake within the brain.

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide within Human EAAT2

Positive control: Mouse brain tissue lysate, Mouse cerebellum tissue lysate, Rat brain tissue lysate, mouse

cerebellum tissue, rat cerebellum tissue.

**Subcellular location:** Cell membrane.

Database links: SwissProt: P43004 Human | P43006 Mouse | P31596 Rat

**Recommended Dilutions:** 

WB 1:2,000 IHC-P 1:2,000 IHC-Fr 1:200-1:500

Storage Buffer: PBS (pH7.4).

**Storage Instruction:** Store at  $+4^{\circ}$ C after thawing. Aliquot store at  $-20^{\circ}$ C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

**Purity:** Protein A affinity purified.

## Hangzhou Huaan Biotechnology Co., Ltd.

Technical:0086-571-89986345

Service mail:support@huabio.cn



## **Images**

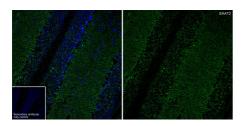


Fig1: Application: IHC-Fr

Species: Mouse

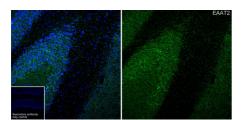
Site: Cerebellum

Sample: Frozen section

Antibody concentration: 1:500

Antigen retrieval: Not required

Fig2: Application: IHC-Fr



Species: Rat

Site: Cerebellum

Sample: Frozen section

Antibody concentration: 1:200

Antigen retrieval: Not required

**Fig3:** Western blot analysis of EAAT2 on different lysates with Rabbit anti-EAAT2 antibody (HA750609) at 1/2,000 dilution.

Lane 1: Mouse brain tissue lysate (no heat)

Lane 2: Mouse cerebellum tissue lysate (no heat)

Lane 3: Mouse lung tissue lysate (negative) (no heat)

Lane 4: Rat brain tissue lysate (no heat)

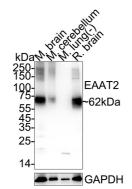
Notice: no heat means the lysate is not boiled.

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 62 kDa Observed band size: 62 kDa

Exposure time: 4 seconds; ECL: K1801;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.



Technical: 0086-571-89986345

Service mail:support@huabio.cn

华安生物 Www.huabio.cn



**Fig4:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse cerebellum tissue with Rabbit anti-EAAT2 antibody (HA750609) at 1/2,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA750609) at 1/2,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



**Fig5:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat cerebellum tissue with Rabbit anti-EAAT2 antibody (HA750609) at 1/2,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA750609) at 1/2,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

Note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".

## **Background References**

- Blacker CJ et al. EAAT2 as a Research Target in Bipolar Disorder and Unipolar Depression: A Systematic Review.
   Mol Neuropsychiatry. 2020 Apr
- 2. Green JL et al. Role of glutamate excitotoxicity and glutamate transporter EAAT2 in epilepsy: Opportunities for novel therapeutics development. Biochem Pharmacol. 2021 Nov