Anti-ALDH1L1 Antibody [JU53-54] - BSA and Azide free

HA750457

Product Type:	Recombinant Rabbit monoclonal IgG, primary antibodies
Species reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Cynomolgus monkey, Pig
Applications:	WB, IHC-P, IF-Tissue, IHC-Fr
Molecular Wt:	Predicted band size: 99 kDa
Clone number:	JU53-54

Description: 10-formyltetrahydrofolate dehydrogenase is an enzyme that in humans is encoded by the ALDH1L1 gene. The protein encoded by this gene catalyzes the conversion of 10-formyltetrahydrofolate, NADP, and water to tetrahydrofolate, NADPH, and carbon dioxide. The encoded protein belongs to the aldehyde dehydrogenase family and is responsible for formate oxidation in vivo. Deficiencies in this gene can result in an accumulation of formate and subsequent methanol poisoning.

Immunogen: Recombinant protein within Human ALDH1L1 aa 155-375 .

Positive control: Human brain tissue, mouse brain tissue, rat hippocampus tissue, human kidney tissue, mouse kidney tissue, rat kidney tissue, human liver tissue, mouse liver tissue, rat liver tissue, Mouse brain tissue lysate, Mouse liver tissue lysate, Mouse kidney tissue lysate, Rat brain tissue lysate, Rat liver tissue lysate, Rat kidney tissue lysate.

Subcellular location: Cytoplasm.

Database links: SwissProt: O75891 Human | Q8R0Y6 Mouse | P28037 Rat

Storage Buffer: 1*PBS (pH7.4).

Storage Instruction: Store at 2-8℃. Avoid freeze.

Purity: Protein A affinity purified.

Images

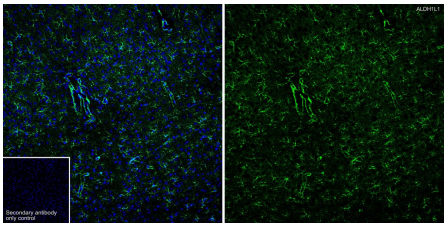

Fig1: This data was developed using ET7106-64, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Application: IHC-Fr

Species: Mouse

Site: Cerebral cortex

Sample: Frozen section

Antibody concentration: 1:500

Antigen retrieval: Not required

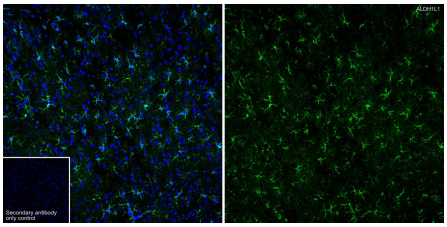

Fig2: This data was developed using ET7106-64, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Application: IHC-Fr

Species: Rat

Site: Cerebral cortex

Sample: Frozen section

Antibody concentration: 1:500

Antigen retrieval: Not required

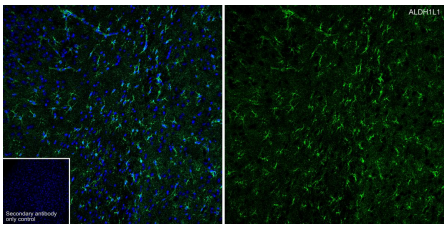

Fig3: This data was developed using ET7106-64, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Application: IF-tissue

Species: Mouse

Site: Cerebral cortex

Sample: Paraffin-embedded section

Antibody concentration: 1:500

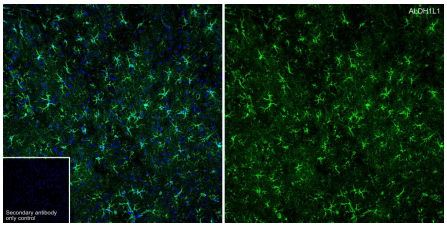

Fig4: This data was developed using ET7106-64, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Application: IF-tissue

Species: Rat

Site: Cerebral cortex

Sample: Paraffin-embedded section

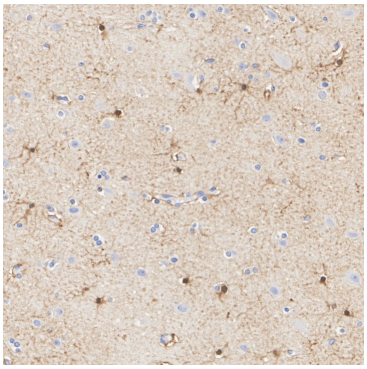

Fig5: This data was developed using ET7106-64, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue with Rabbit anti-ALDH1L1 antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

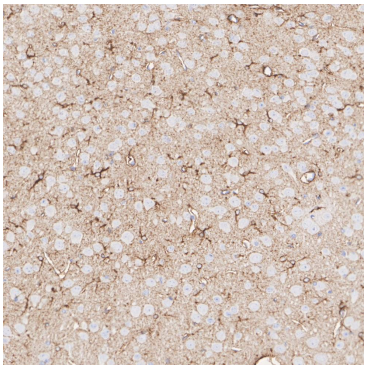

Fig6: This data was developed using ET7106-64, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse brain tissue with Rabbit anti-ALDH1L1 antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

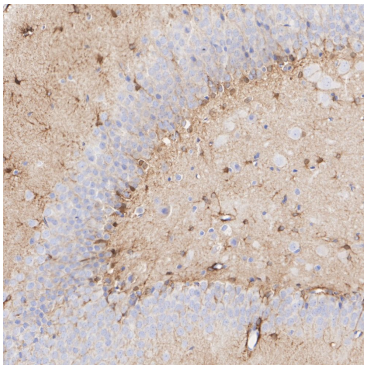

Fig7: This data was developed using ET7106-64, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat hippocampus tissue with Rabbit anti-ALDH1L1 antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

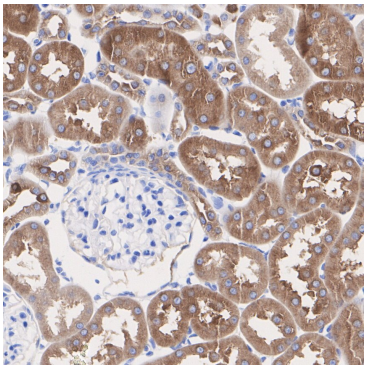

Fig8: This data was developed using ET7106-64, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human kidney tissue with Rabbit anti-ALDH1L1 antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/500 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/500 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

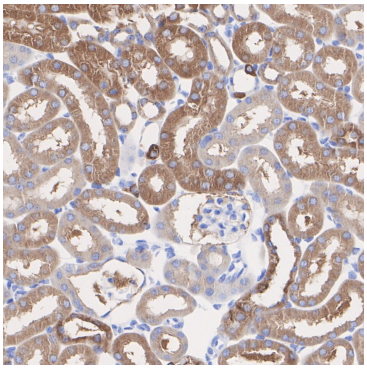

Fig9: This data was developed using ET7106-64, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse kidney tissue with Rabbit anti-ALDH1L1 antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/2,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/2,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

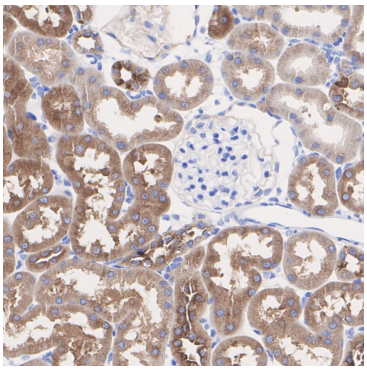

Fig10: This data was developed using ET7106-64, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat kidney tissue with Rabbit anti-ALDH1L1 antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/2,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/2,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

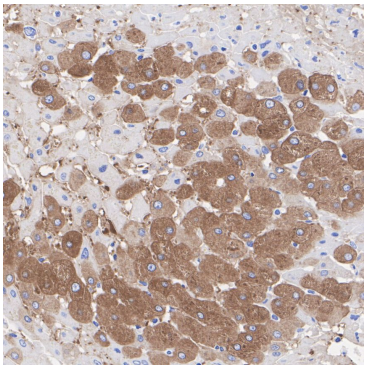

Fig11: This data was developed using ET7106-64, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver tissue with Rabbit anti-ALDH1L1 antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/2,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/2,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

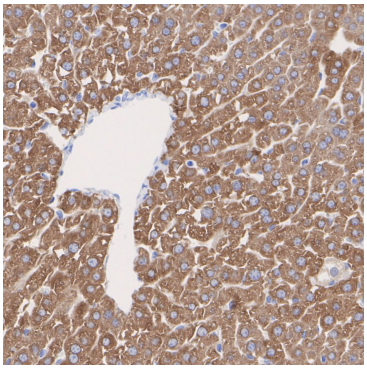

Fig12: This data was developed using ET7106-64, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse liver tissue with Rabbit anti-ALDH1L1 antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/2,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/2,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

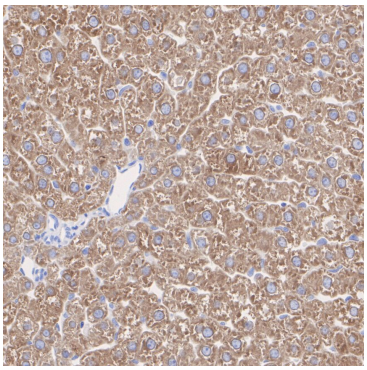

Fig13: This data was developed using ET7106-64, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat liver tissue with Rabbit anti-ALDH1L1 antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/2,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/2,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

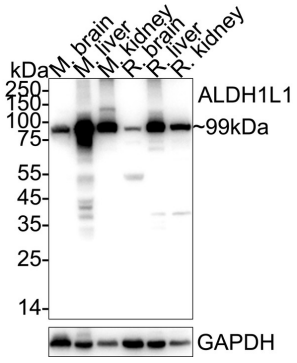

Fig14: This data was developed using ET7106-64, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.
Western blot analysis of ALDH1L1 on different lysates with Rabbit anti-ALDH1L1 antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/5,000 dilution.

Lane 1: Mouse brain tissue lysate
Lane 2: Mouse liver tissue lysate
Lane 3: Mouse kidney tissue lysate
Lane 4: Rat brain tissue lysate
Lane 5: Rat liver tissue lysate
Lane 6: Rat kidney tissue lysate

Lysates/proteins at 40 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 99 kDa
Observed band size: 99 kDa

Exposure time: 10 seconds; ECL: K1801;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.

Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% NFDM/TBST for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody (ET7106-64) at 1/5,000 dilution was used in primary antibody dilution (K1803) at 4℃ overnight. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1/50,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.

Note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".

Background References

1. Tsybovsky Y et al. Structure of putative tumor suppressor ALDH1L1. Commun Biol. 2022 Jan
2. Krupenko NI et al. Knockout of Putative Tumor Suppressor Aldh1l1 in Mice Reprograms Metabolism to Accelerate Growth of Tumors in a Diethylnitrosamine (DEN) Model of Liver Carcinogenesis. Cancers (Basel). 2021 Jun