Anti-AKT1 Antibody [ST05-09] - BSA and Azide free HA750177

Product Type: Recombinant Rabbit monoclonal IgG, primary antibodies

Species reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications: WB, IHC-P, IP, FC, IHC-Fr, IF-Cell

Molecular Wt: Predicted band size: 56 kDa

Clone number: ST05-09

Description: The serine/threonine kinase Akt family contains several members, including Akt1 (also

designated PKB or RacPK), Akt2 (also designated PKBβor RacPK-β) and Akt 3 (also designated PKB? or thyoma viral proto-oncogene 3), which exhibit sequence homology with the protein kinase A and C families and are encoded by the c-Akt proto-oncogene. All members of the Akt family have a pleckstrin homology domain. Akt1 and Akt2 are activated by PDGF stimulation. This activation is dependent on PDGFR-β tyrosine residues 740 and 751, which bind the subunit of the phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI 3-kinase) complex. Activation of Akt1 by insulin or insulin-growth factor-1(IGF-1) results in phosphorylation of both Thr 308 and Ser 473. Phosphorylation of both residues is important to generate a high level of Akt1 activity, and the phosphorylation of Thr 308 is not dependent on phosphorylation of Ser 473 in vivo. Thus, Akt proteins become phosphorylated and activated in insulin/IGF-1-stimulated cells by an upstream kinase(s). The activation of Akt1 and Akt2 is inhibited by the PI kinase inhibitor wortmannin, suggesting that the protein signals downstream of the PI

kinases.

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide within C-terminal human AKT1.

Positive control: HeLa cell lysate, A549 cell lysate, C6 cell lysate, PC-12 cell lysate, SH-SY5Y cell lysates,

mouse brain tissue, mouse kidney tissue, human kidney tissue, mouse prostate tissue, Hela,

mouse hippocampus tissue, mouse cerebral cortex tissue, MCF7, C6.

Subcellular location: Cell membrane, Cytoplasm, Membrane, Nucleus.

Database links: SwissProt: P31749 Human | P31750 Mouse | P47196 Rat

Recommended Dilutions:

WB 1:5,000-1:10,000 **IHC-P** 1:2,000-1:5,000

FC 1:1,000

IP 1-2μg/sample

IHC-Fr 1:200 IF-Cell 1:100

Storage Buffer: PBS (pH7.4).

Storage Instruction: Store at +4°C after thawing. Alignot store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw

cycles.

Purity: Protein A affinity purified.

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Orders:0086-571-88062880 Technical:0086-571-89986345



Images

 Fig1: Western blot analysis of AKT1 on different lysates with Rabbit anti-AKT1 antibody (HA750177) at 1/5,000 dilution.

Lane 1: A549-si NT cell lysate Lane 2: A549-si AKT1 cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 10 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 56 kDa Observed band size: 56 kDa

Exposure time: 40 seconds; ECL: K1801;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.

Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% NFDM/TBST for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody (HA750177) at 1/5,000 dilution was used in 5% NFDM/TBST at $4^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ overnight. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1/50,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.

Fig2: Western blot analysis of AKT1 on different lysates with Rabbit anti-AKT1 antibody (HA750177) at 1/5,000 dilution.

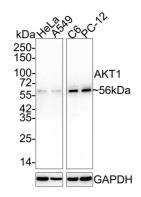
Lane 1: HeLa cell lysate Lane 2: A549 cell lysate Lane 3: C6 cell lysate Lane 4: PC-12 cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 15 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 56 kDa Observed band size: 56 kDa

Exposure time: 43 seconds;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.





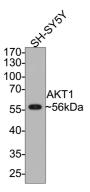


Fig3: Western blot analysis of AKT1 on SH-SY5Y cell lysates with Rabbit anti-AKT1 antibody (HA750177) at 1/5,000 dilution.

Lysates/proteins at 10 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 56 kDa Observed band size: 56 kDa

Exposure time: 2 minutes;

10% SDS-PAGE gel.

Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% NFDM/TBST for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody (HA750177) at 1/5,000 dilution was used in 5% NFDM/TBST at room temperature for 2 hours. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at /50,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.

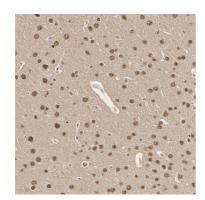


Fig4: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse brain tissue with Rabbit anti-AKT1 antibody (HA750177) at 1/5,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH $_2$ O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA750177) at 1/5,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

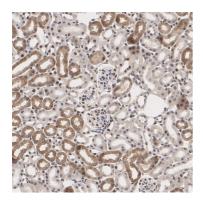


Fig5: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse kidney tissue with Rabbit anti-AKT1 antibody (HA750177) at 1/5,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA750177) at 1/5,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

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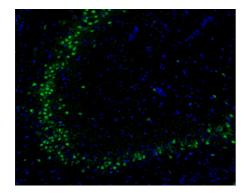


Fig6: Application: IHC-Fr

Species: Mouse

Site: Hippocampus

Sample: Frozen section

Antibody concentration: 1/200

Antigen retrieval: The section was pre-treated using 1% SDS

buffer (in PBS, pH 7.4) for 5 minutes at room temperature.

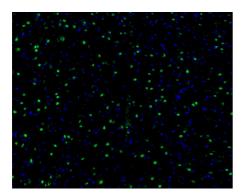


Fig7: Application: IHC-Fr

Species: Mouse

Site: Cerebral cortex

Sample: Frozen section

Antibody concentration: 1/200

Antigen retrieval: The section was pre-treated using 1% SDS

buffer (in PBS, pH 7.4) for 5 minutes at room temperature.

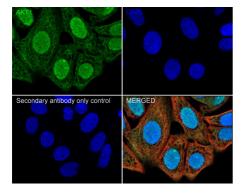


Fig8: Immunocytochemistry analysis of MCF7 cells labeling AKT1 with Rabbit anti-AKT1 antibody (HA750177) at 1/100 dilution.

Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 20 minutes at room temperature, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS for 5 minutes at room temperature, then blocked with 1% BSA in 10% negative goat serum for 1 hour at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-AKT1 antibody (HA750177) at 1/100 dilution in 1% BSA in PBST overnight at 4 $^{\circ}$ C. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Beta tubulin (M1305-2, red) was stained at 1/100 dilution overnight at $+4^{\circ}$ C. Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (iFluor ** 594, HA1126) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

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Secondary antibody only control

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Fig9: Immunocytochemistry analysis of C6 cells labeling AKT1 with Rabbit anti-AKT1 antibody (HA750177) at 1/100 dilution.

Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 20 minutes at room temperature, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS for 5 minutes at room temperature, then blocked with 1% BSA in 10% negative goat serum for 1 hour at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-AKT1 antibody (HA750177) at 1/100 dilution in 1% BSA in PBST overnight at 4 $^{\circ}$ C. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Beta tubulin (M1305-2, red) was stained at 1/100 dilution overnight at $+4^{\circ}$ C. Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (iFluor † 594, HA1126) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

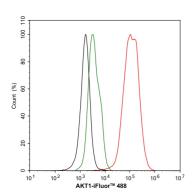


Fig10: Flow cytometric analysis of MCF7 cells labeling AKT1.

Cells were fixed and permeabilized. Then stained with the primary antibody (HA750177, 1/1,000) (red) compared with Rabbit IgG Isotype Control (green). After incubation of the primary antibody at +4 $^{\circ}$ C for an hour, the cells were stained with a iFluor † M 488 conjugate-Goat anti-Rabbit IgG Secondary antibody (HA1121) at 1/1,000 dilution for 30 minutes at +4 $^{\circ}$ C. Unlabelled sample was used as a control (cells without incubation with primary antibody; black).

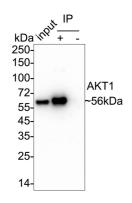


Fig11: AKT1 was immunoprecipitated from 0.2 mg MCF7 cell lysate with HA750177 at 2 μ g/10 μ l beads. Western blot was performed from the immunoprecipitate using HA750177 at 1/1,000 dilution. Anti-Rabbit IgG for IP Nano-secondary antibody (NBI01H) at 1/5,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.

Lane 1: MCF7 cell lysate (input)

Lane 2: HA750177 IP in MCF7 cell lysate

Lane 3: Rabbit IgG instead of HA750177 in MCF7 cell lysate

Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST Exposure time: 23 seconds; ECL: K1801

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Note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".

Background References

- 1. Wang, H. et al. 2016. CSL regulates AKT to mediate androgen independence in prostate cancer progression. Prostate. 76: 140-50.
- 2. Wang, Z. et al. 2016. Protein 41N acts as a potential tumor suppressor linking PP1 to JNK-c-Jun pathway regulation in NSCLC. Oncotarget. 7: 509-23.