Anti-Histone H3 (mono+di+tri methyl K4) Antibody [PSH06-30]

HA722662

Product Type:	Recombinant Rabbit monoclonal IgG, primary antibodies
Species reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Applications:	WB, IHC-P, IF-Cell, FC, ChIP
Molecular Wt:	Predicted band size: 15 kDa
Clone number:	PSH06-30

Description: In eukaryotes, DNA is wrapped around histone octamers to form the basic unit of chromatin structure. The octamer is composed of histones H2A, H2B, H3 and H4, and it associates with approximately 200 base pairs of DNA to form the nucleosome. The association of DNA with histones results in dense packing of chromatin, which restricts proteins involved in gene transcription from binding to DNA. p300 preferentially acetylates Histone H3 at lysines 14 and 18 and Histone H4 at lysines 5 and 8. PCAF in its native form, primarily acetylates Histone H3 at lysine 14 to a monoacetylated form, and less efficiently acetylates Histone H4 at lysine 8. Histone H4 may also be acetylated at lysines 12 and 16, and the involvement of acetylated H4 with Histones H2A, H2B and H3 suggests that acetylated histones may be involved in dynamic chromatin remodeling.

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide within

Positive control: HeLa cell lysate, SH-SY5Y cell lysate, U-2 OS cell lysate, RAW264.7 cell lysate, NIH/3T3 cell lysate, C6 cell lysate, PC-12 cell lysate, human testis tissue, mouse testis tissue, rat testis tissue, HeLa, NIH/3T3, C6.

Subcellular location: Nucleus, Chromosome.

Database links: SwissProt: P68431 Human | P84243 Human | Q16695 Human | Q6NXT2 Human | Q71DI3 Human | P68433 Mouse | P84228 Mouse | Q6LED0 Rat

Recommended Dilutions:

WB	1:1,000
IHC-P	1:10,000
IF-Cell	1:250-1:1,000
FC	1:1,000
ChIP	Use 0.5~2 μg for 25 μg of chromatin.

Storage Buffer: PBS (pH7.4), 0.1% BSA, 40% Glycerol. Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide.

Storage Instruction: Store at +4℃ after thawing. Aliquot store at -20℃. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

Purity: Protein A affinity purified.

Images

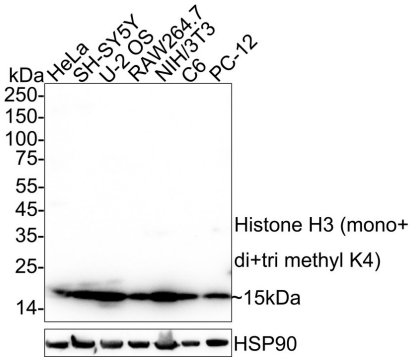

Fig1: Western blot analysis of Histone H3 (mono+di+tri methyl K4) on different lysates with Rabbit anti-Histone H3 (mono+di+tri methyl K4) antibody (HA722662) at 1/1,000 dilution.

Lane 1: HeLa cell lysate
Lane 2: SH-SY5Y cell lysate
Lane 3: U-2 OS cell lysate
Lane 4: RAW264.7 cell lysate
Lane 5: NIH/3T3 cell lysate
Lane 6: C6 cell lysate
Lane 7: PC-12 cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 15 kDa
Observed band size: 15 kDa

Exposure time: 2 seconds; ECL: K1801;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.

Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% NFDM/TBST for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody (HA722662) at 1/1,000 dilution was used in 5% NFDM/TBST at 4℃ overnight. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1/50,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.

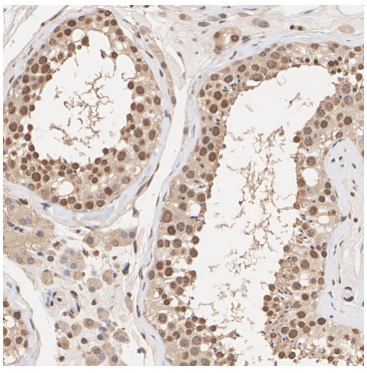

Fig2: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human testis tissue with Rabbit anti-Histone H3 (mono+di+tri methyl K4) antibody (HA722662) at 1/10,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 2 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA722662) at 1/10,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

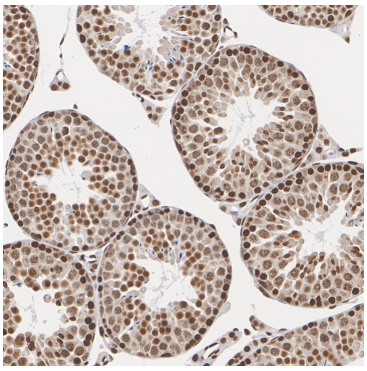

Fig3: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse testis tissue with Rabbit anti-Histone H3 (mono+di+tri methyl K4) antibody (HA722662) at 1/10,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 2 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA722662) at 1/10,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

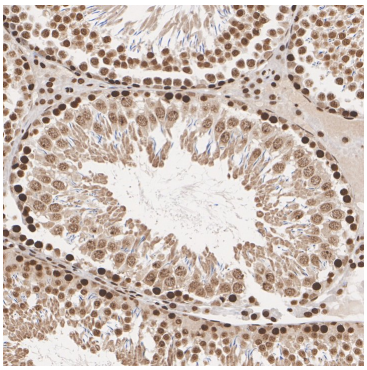

Fig4: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat testis tissue with Rabbit anti-Histone H3 (mono+di+tri methyl K4) antibody (HA722662) at 1/10,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 2 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA722662) at 1/10,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

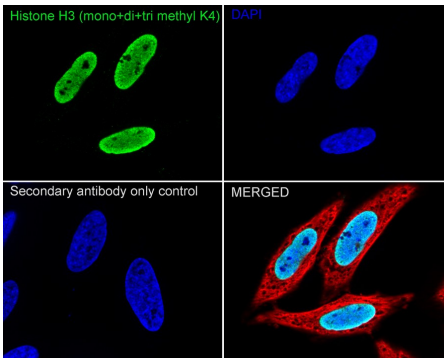

Fig5: Immunocytochemistry analysis of HeLa cells labeling Histone H3 (mono+di+tri methyl K4) with Rabbit anti-Histone H3 (mono+di+tri methyl K4) antibody (HA722662) at 1/250 dilution.

Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 20 minutes at room temperature, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS for 5 minutes at room temperature, then blocked with 1% BSA in 10% negative goat serum for 1 hour at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-Histone H3 (mono+di+tri methyl K4) antibody (HA722662) at 1/250 dilution in 1% BSA in PBST overnight at 4 ℃. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor™ 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Beta tubulin (M1305-2, red) was stained at 1/100 dilution overnight at +4℃. Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (iFluor™ 594, HA1126) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

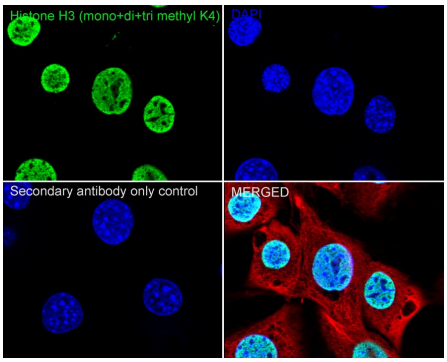

Fig6: Immunocytochemistry analysis of NIH/3T3 cells labeling Histone H3 (mono+di+tri methyl K4) with Rabbit anti-Histone H3 (mono+di+tri methyl K4) antibody (HA722662) at 1/500 dilution.

Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 20 minutes at room temperature, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS for 5 minutes at room temperature, then blocked with 1% BSA in 10% negative goat serum for 1 hour at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-Histone H3 (mono+di+tri methyl K4) antibody (HA722662) at 1/500 dilution in 1% BSA in PBST overnight at 4 ℃. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor™ 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Beta tubulin (M1305-2, red) was stained at 1/100 dilution overnight at +4℃. Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (iFluor™ 594, HA1126) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

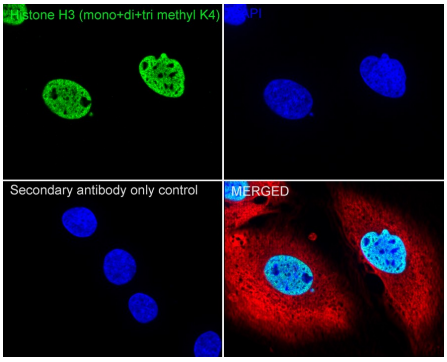

Fig7: Immunocytochemistry analysis of C6 cells labeling Histone H3 (mono+di+tri methyl K4) with Rabbit anti-Histone H3 (mono+di+tri methyl K4) antibody (HA722662) at 1/1,000 dilution.

Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 20 minutes at room temperature, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS for 5 minutes at room temperature, then blocked with 1% BSA in 10% negative goat serum for 1 hour at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-Histone H3 (mono+di+tri methyl K4) antibody (HA722662) at 1/1,000 dilution in 1% BSA in PBST overnight at 4 ℃. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor™ 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Beta tubulin (M1305-2, red) was stained at 1/100 dilution overnight at +4℃. Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (iFluor™ 594, HA1126) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

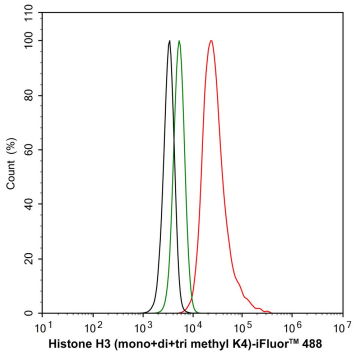

Fig8: Flow cytometric analysis of HeLa cells labeling Histone H3 (mono+di+tri methyl K4).

Cells were fixed and permeabilized. Then stained with the primary antibody (HA722662, 1/1,000) (red) compared with Rabbit IgG Isotype Control (green). After incubation of the primary antibody at +4℃ for an hour, the cells were stained with a iFluor™ 488 conjugate-Goat anti-Rabbit IgG Secondary antibody (HA1121) at 1/1,000 dilution for 30 minutes at +4℃. Unlabelled sample was used as a control (cells without incubation with primary antibody; black).

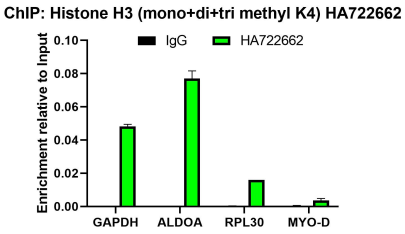

Fig9: Chromatin immunoprecipitations were performed with cross-linked chromatin from HeLa cells with Histone H3 (mono+di+tri methyl K4) (HA722662) or Normal Rabbit IgG according to the ChIP protocol. The enriched DNA was quantified by real-time PCR using indicated primers. The amount of immunoprecipitated DNA in each sample is represented as signal relative to the total amount of input chromatin, which is equivalent to one.

Note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".

Background References

1. Wani S et al. Human SCP4 is a chromatin-associated CTD phosphatase and exhibits the dynamic translocation during erythroid differentiation. J Biochem 160:111-20 (2016).
2. Ni JZ et al. A transgenerational role of the germline nuclear RNAi pathway in repressing heat stress-induced transcriptional activation in C. elegans. Epigenetics Chromatin 9:3 (2016).