# **Anti-HIPK2 Antibody [JE37-78]**

### **HA722451**



Product Type: Recombinant Rabbit monoclonal IgG, primary antibodies

Species reactivity: Human

Applications: WB, IF-Cell, FC

Molecular Wt: Predicted band size: 131 kDa

Clone number: JE37-78

**Description:** Serine/threonine-protein kinase involved in transcription regulation, p53/TP53-mediated

cellular apoptosis and regulation of the cell cycle. Acts as a corepressor of several transcription factors, including SMAD1 and POU4F1/Brn3a and probably NK homeodomain transcription factors. Phosphorylates PDX1, ATF1, PML, p53/TP53, CREB1, CTBP1, CBX4, RUNX1, EP300, CTNNB1, HMGA1, ZBTB4 and DAZAP2. Inhibits cell growth and promotes apoptosis through the activation of p53/TP53 both at the transcription level and at the protein level (by phosphorylation and indirect acetylation). The phosphorylation of p53/TP53 may be mediated by a p53/TP53-HIPK2-AXIN1 complex. Involved in the response to hypoxia by acting as a transcriptional co-suppressor of HIF1A. Mediates transcriptional activation of TP73. In response to TGFB, cooperates with DAXX to activate JNK. Negative regulator through phosphorylation and subsequent proteasomal degradation of CTNNB1 and the antiapoptotic factor CTBP1. In the Wht/beta-catenin signaling pathway acts as an intermediate kinase between MAP3K7/TAK1 and NLK to promote the proteasomal degradation of MYB. Phosphorylates CBX4 upon DNA damage and promotes its E3 SUMOprotein ligase activity. Activates CREB1 and ATF1 transcription factors by phosphorylation in response to genotoxic stress. In response to DNA damage, stabilizes PML by phosphorylation. PML, HIPK2 and FBXO3 may act synergically to activate p53/TP53dependent transactivation. Promotes angiogenesis, and is involved in erythroid differentiation, especially during fetal liver erythropoiesis. Phosphorylation of RUNX1 and EP300 stimulates EP300 transcription regulation activity. Triggers ZBTB4 protein degradation in response to DNA damage. In response to DNA damage, phosphorylates DAZAP2 which localizes DAZAP2 to the nucleus, reduces interaction of DAZAP2 with HIPK2 and prevents DAZAP2-dependent ubiquitination of HIPK2 by E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase

SIAH1 and subsequent proteasomal degradation

Immunogen: Recombinant protein within Human HIPK2 aa 131-230 / 1,198.

Positive control: Raji cell lysate, HepG2 cell lysate, Raji.

**Subcellular location:** Cytoplasm. Nucleus.

Database links: SwissProt: Q9H2X6 Human

**Recommended Dilutions:** 

WB 1:1,000 IF-Cell 1:100 FC 1:1,000

Storage Buffer: 1\*TBS (pH7.4), 0.05% BSA, 40% Glycerol. Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide.

**Storage Instruction:** Shipped at  $4^{\circ}$ C. Store at  $+4^{\circ}$ C short term (1-2 weeks). It is recommended to aliquot into

single-use upon delivery. Store at -20 °C long term.

**Purity:** Protein A affinity purified.

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#### **Images**

kDa 250-150-150-100-72-55-45-35-25-14-GAPDH **Fig1:** Western blot analysis of HIPK2 on different lysates with Rabbit anti-HIPK2 antibody (HA722451) at 1/1,000 dilution.

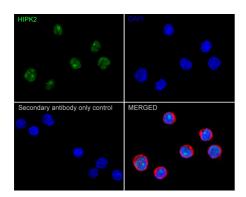
Lane 1: Raji cell lysate (20 µg/Lane) Lane 2: HepG2 cell lysate (20 µg/Lane)

Predicted band size: 131 kDa Observed band size: 100 kDa

Exposure time: 1 minute; ECL: K1801;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.

**Fig2:** Immunocytochemistry analysis of Raji cells labeling HIPK2 with Rabbit anti-HIPK2 antibody (HA722451) at 1/100 dilution.



Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 20 minutes at room temperature, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS for 5 minutes at room temperature, then blocked with 1% BSA in 10% negative goat serum for 1 hour at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-HIPK2 antibody (HA722451) at 1/100 dilution in 1% BSA in PBST overnight at 4  $^{\circ}$ C. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Beta tubulin (M1305-2, red) was stained at 1/100 dilution overnight at  $+4^{\circ}$ C. Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (iFluor 594, HA1126) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

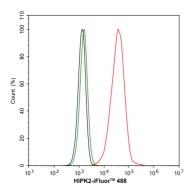


Fig3: Flow cytometric analysis of Raji cells labeling HIPK2.

Cells were fixed and permeabilized. Then stained with the primary antibody (HA722451, 1/1,000) (red) compared with Rabbit IgG Isotype Control (green). After incubation of the primary antibody at +4  $^{\circ}$ C for an hour, the cells were stained with a iFluor 488 conjugate-Goat anti-Rabbit IgG Secondary antibody (HA1121) at 1/1,000 dilution for 30 minutes at +4  $^{\circ}$ C. Unlabelled sample was used as a control (cells without incubation with primary antibody; black).

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#### **Background References**

1. Liebl M.C., Moehlenbrink J., Becker H., Raddatz G., Abdeen S.K., Aqeilan R.I., Lyko F., Hofmann T.G. DAZAP2 acts as specifier of the p53 response to DNA damage. Nucleic Acids Res. 49:2759-2776 (2021)