Anti-Syk Antibody [PSH0-76]

HA721494



Product Type: Recombinant Rabbit monoclonal IgG, primary antibodies

Species reactivity: Human

Applications: WB, IF-Cell

Molecular Wt: Predicted band size: 72 kDa

Clone number: PSH0-76

Description: Tyrosine-protein kinase SYK, also known as spleen tyrosine kinase, is an enzyme which in

humans is encoded by the SYK gene. SYK, along with ZAP70, is a member of the Syk family of tyrosine kinases. These cytoplasmic non-receptor tyrosine kinases share a characteristic dual SH2 domain separated by a linker domain. However, activation of SYK relies less on phosphorylation by Src family kinases than ZAP70. SYK and ZAP70 share a common evolutionary origin and split from a common ancestor in the jawed vertebrates. While Syk and ZAP70 are primarily expressed in hematopoietic tissues, a variety of tissues express Syk. Within B and T cells, respectively, Syk and ZAP70 transmit signals from the B-cell receptor and T-cell receptor. Syk plays a similar role in transmitting signals from a variety of

cell surface receptors including CD74, Fc receptor, and integrins.

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide within human aa 451-500 / 635.

Positive control: Raji cell lysate, Daudi cell lysate, SW620 cell lysate, Ramos cell lysate, Raji.

Subcellular location: Cell membrane, Cytoplasm, cytosol.

Database links: SwissProt: P43405 Human

Recommended Dilutions:

WB 1:1,000-1:2,000

IF-Cell 1:100

Storage Buffer: PBS (pH7.4), 0.1% BSA, 40% Glycerol. Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide.

Storage Instruction: Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). It is recommended to aliquot into

single-use upon delivery. Store at -20 °C long term.

Purity: Protein A affinity purified.

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Technical:0086-571-89986345

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Images

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Fig1: Western blot analysis of Syk on different lysates with Rabbit anti-Syk antibody (HA721494) at 1/1,000 dilution.

Lane 1: Raji cell lysate Lane 2: Daudi cell lysate Lane 3: SW620 cell lysate Lane 4: Ramos cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 72 kDa Observed band size: 70 kDa

Exposure time: 1 minute;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.

Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% NFDM/TBST for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody (HA721494) at 1/1,000 dilution was used in 5% NFDM/TBST at room temperature for 2 hours. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1/100,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.

Fig2: Western blot analysis of Syk on different lysates with Rabbit anti-Syk antibody (HA721494) at 1/2,000 dilution.

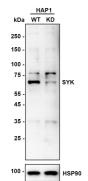
Lane 1: HAP1-parental cell lysate Lane 2: HAP1-Syk KD cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 10 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 72 kDa Observed band size: 70 kDa

Exposure time: 180 seconds; ECL: K1801;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.



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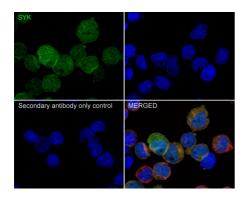


Fig3: Immunocytochemistry analysis of Raji cells labeling Syk with Rabbit anti-Syk antibody (HA721494) at 1/100 dilution.

Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 20 minutes at room temperature, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS for 5 minutes at room temperature, then blocked with 1% BSA in 10% negative goat serum for 1 hour at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-Syk antibody (HA721494) at 1/100 dilution in 1% BSA in PBST overnight at 4 $^{\circ}$ C. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Beta tubulin (M1305-2, red) was stained at 1/100 dilution overnight at $+4^{\circ}$ C. Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (iFluor \pm 594, HA1126) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

Note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".

Background References

- Wang S et al. TREM2 drives microglia response to amyloid-β via SYK-dependent and -independent pathways. Cell.
 2022 Oct
- 2. Ennerfelt H et al. SYK coordinates neuroprotective microglial responses in neurodegenerative disease. Cell. 2022

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