Anti-alpha Actinin Antibody [A1G2-R] - BSA and Azide free HA610074



Product Type: Recombinant Mouse monoclonal IgG1, primary antibodies

Species reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications: WB, IHC-P

Molecular Wt: Predicted band size: 103 kDa

Clone number: A1G2-R

Description: Alpha actinins belong to the spectrin gene superfamily which represents a diverse group of

cytoskeletal proteins, including the alpha and beta spectrins and dystrophins. Alpha actinin is an actin-binding protein with multiple roles in different cell types. In nonmuscle cells, the cytoskeletal isoform is found along microfilament bundles and adherens-type junctions, where it is involved in binding actin to the membrane. In contrast, skeletal, cardiac, and smooth muscle isoforms are localized to the Z-disc and analogous dense bodies, where they help anchor the myofibrillar actin filaments. This gene encodes a nonmuscle, cytoskeletal, alpha actinin isoform and maps to the same site as the structurally similar erythroid beta spectrin gene. Three transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this

gene.

Immunogen: Recombinant protein within Human ACTN1 aa 388-619 / 892.

Positive control: HeLa cell lysate, A431 cell lysate, NIH/3T3 cell lysate, C6 cell lysate, Mouse heart tissue

lysate, Rat colon tissue lysate, A549 cell lysate, HepG2 cell lysate, MCF7 cell lysate, PC-12

cell lysate, human breast tissue, human breast carcinoma tissue.

Subcellular location: Cell membrane, cytoskeleton, Z line, cell junction, ruffle.

Database links: SwissProt: P12814 Human | Q7TPR4 Mouse | Q9Z1P2 Rat

Recommended Dilutions:

WB 1:1,000-1:5,000

IHC-P 1:6,000

Storage Buffer: PBS (pH7.4).

Storage Instruction: Store at +4 $^{\circ}$ C after thawing. Aliquot store at -20 $^{\circ}$ C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

Purity: Protein A affinity purified.

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Images

Fig1: Western blot analysis of alpha Actinin on different lysates with Mouse anti-alpha Actinin antibody (HA610074) at 1/1,000 dilution.

Lane 1: HeLa cell lysate (20 µg/Lane) Lane 2: A431 cell lysate (20 µg/Lane) Lane 3: NIH/3T3 cell lysate (20 µg/Lane) Lane 4: C6 cell lysate (20 µg/Lane)

Lane 5: Mouse heart tissue lysate (40 µg/Lane) Lane 6: Rat colon tissue lysate (40 µg/Lane)

Predicted band size: 103 kDa Observed band size: 103 kDa

Exposure time: 8 seconds; ECL: K1801;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.

Fig2: Western blot analysis of alpha Actinin on different lysates with Mouse anti-alpha Actinin antibody (HA610074) at 1/5,000 dilution.

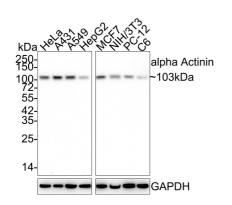
Lane 1: HeLa cell lysate (20 µg/Lane)
Lane 2: A431 cell lysate (20 µg/Lane)
Lane 3: A549 cell lysate (20 µg/Lane)
Lane 4: HepG2 cell lysate (20 µg/Lane)
Lane 5: MCF7 cell lysate (20 µg/Lane)
Lane 6: NIH/3T3 cell lysate (20 µg/Lane)
Lane 7: PC-12 cell lysate (20 µg/Lane)

Predicted band size: 103 kDa Observed band size: 103 kDa

Lane 8: C6 cell lysate (20 µg/Lane)

Exposure time: 3 minutes; ECL: K1801;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.



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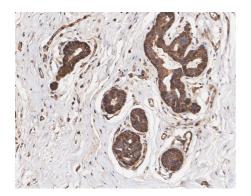


Fig3: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast tissue with Mouse anti-alpha Actinin antibody (HA610074) at 1/6,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA610074) at 1/6,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

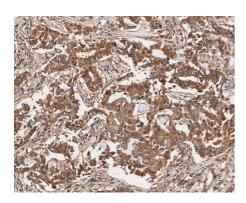


Fig4: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue with Mouse anti-alpha Actinin antibody (HA610074) at 1/6,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA610074) at 1/6,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

Note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".

Background References

- 1. Kunishima S. et. al. ACTN1 mutations cause congenital macrothrombocytopenia. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 92:431-438(2013).
- 2. Gueguen P. et. al. A missense mutation in the alpha-actinin 1 gene (ACTN1) is the cause of autosomal dominant macrothrombocytopenia in a large French family. PLoS ONE 8:E74728-E74728(2013).