## **Human GDNF**, Tag Free Protein



**Product name:** Human GDNF, Tag Free

Species reactivity: Human

**Bio-Activity:** Testing in progress.

**Protein construction** 

A DNA sequence encoding the human GDNF protein (P39905) (Ser 78-Ile 211) was expressed with tag free.

Background: Glial cell line-derived neurotrophic factor (GDNF) has been identified as a potent neurotrophic factor that

enhances survival of midbrain dopaminergic neurons. GDNF is a glycosylated, disulfide-bonded homodimer and is a distantly related member of the TGF $\beta$  superfamily of growth regulatory ligands. GDNF contains the seven conserved cysteine residues in the same relative spacing characteristic of all members of the TGF $\beta$  superfamily. In embryonic midbrain cultures, GDNF promotes the survival and morphological differentiation of dopaminergic neurons and increases their high-affinity dopamine uptake. On the basis of these findings, it has been suggested that GDNF may have utility in the treatment of Parkinson's disease, which is marked by

progressive degeneration of midbrain dopaminergic neurons.

**Purity:** >90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin: Less than 1.0 EU per µg by the LAL method.

Fragment region: GDNF (78-211)

Source: HEK293

Accession: P39905

Predicted molecular mass: 17.1 kD

Formulation: Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4, 5% Trehalose, 5% mannitol.

**Reconstitution:** Reconstitute at 250 µg/ml in sterile water.

Storage: Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -

20°C to -80°C It is recommended that aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Hangzhou Huaan Biotechnology Co., Ltd.

Technical: 0086-571-89986345

Service mail:support@huabio.cn



## Images

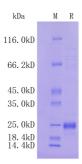


Fig1: Protein on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition.

Note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".