Human Beta-synuclein/SNCB, Tag Free Protein HA211157



Product name: Human Beta-synuclein/SNCB, Tag Free

Species reactivity: Human

Bio-Activity: Testing in progress.

Protein construction

description:

A DNA sequence encoding the human Beta-synuclein/SNCB protein (Q16143) (Met 1-Ala 134) was expressed

with tag free.

Background: Beta-synudein is a protein that in humans is encoded by the SNCB gene. The protein encoded by this gene is

highly homologous to alpha-synuclein. These proteins are abundantly expressed in the brain and putatively inhibit phospholipase D2 selectively. The encoded protein, which may play a role in neuronal plasticity, is abundant in neurofibrillary lesions of patients with Alzheimer's disease. This protein has been shown to be highly expressed in the substantia nigra of the brain, a region of neuronal degeneration in patients with Parkinson's disease; however, no direct relation to Parkinson's disease has been established. Two transcript variants

encoding the same protein have been found for this gene.

Purity: >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin: Less than 1.0 EU per µg by the LAL method.

Fragment region: Beta-synuclein/SNCB (1-134)

Source: HEK293

Accession: Q16143

Predicted molecular mass: 15.1 kD

Formulation: Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4, 5% Trehalose, 5% mannitol.

Reconstitution: Reconstitute at 250 µg/ml in sterile water.

Storage: Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -

20°C to -80°C It is recommended that aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

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80 **Technical:**0086-571-89986345

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Images

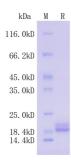


Fig1: Protein on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition.

Note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".