Anti-p63 Antibody [JE53-53]

ET7110-47



Product Type: Recombinant Rabbit monoclonal IgG, primary antibodies

Species reactivity: Human, Mouse

Applications: WB, IF-Cell, IHC-P

Molecular Wt: Predicted band size: 77 kDa

Clone number: JE53-53

Description: This gene encodes a member of the p53 family of transcription factors. The functional

domains of p53 family proteins include an N-terminal transactivation domain, a central DNA-binding domain and an oligomerization domain. Alternative splicing of this gene and the use of alternative promoters results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms that vary in their functional properties. These isoforms function during skin development and maintenance, adult stem/progenitor cell regulation, heart development and premature aging. Some isoforms have been found to protect the germline by eliminating oocytes or testicular germ cells that have suffered DNA damage. Mutations in this gene are associated with ectodermal dysplasia, and cleft lip/palate syndrome 3 (EEC3); split-hand/foot malformation 4 (SHFM4); ankyloblepharon-ectodermal defects-cleft lip/palate; ADULT syndrome (acrodermato-ungual-lacrimal-tooth); limb-mammary syndrome; Rap-Hodgkin syndrome (RHS);

and orofacial cleft 8.

Immunogen: Recombinant protein within N terminal human p63.

Positive control: A431 cell lysate, A431, human esophagus tissue, human tonsil tissue, human prostate tissue,

mouse prostate tissue.

Subcellular location: Nucleus.

Database links: SwissProt: Q9H3D4 Human | O88898 Mouse

Recommended Dilutions:

WB 1:2,000 IF-Cell 1:50-1:200 IHC-P 1:200-1:1,000

Storage Buffer: 1*TBS (pH7.4), 0.05% BSA, 40% Glycerol. Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide.

Storage Instruction: Shipped at 4° C. Store at $+4^{\circ}$ C short term (1-2 weeks). It is recommended to aliquot into

single-use upon delivery. Store at -20 °C long term.

Purity: Protein A affinity purified.

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Images

kDa k²³ kDa 250 150-100-100-55-45-35-25-14**Fig1:** Western blot analysis of p63 on different lysates with Rabbit anti-p63 antibody (ET7110-47) at 1/2,000 dilution.

Lane 1: A431 cell lysate

Lane 2: MCF7 cell lysate (negative)

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 77 kDa Observed band size: 63 kDa

Exposure time: 59 seconds; ECL: K1801;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.

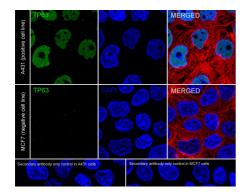


Fig2: Immunocytochemistry analysis of A431 (positive) and MCF7 (negative) labeling p63 with Rabbit anti-p63 antibody (ET7110-47) at 1/100 dilution.

Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 15 minutes at room temperature, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS for 15 minutes at room temperature, then blocked with 1% BSA in 10% negative goat serum for 1 hour at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-p63 antibody (ET7110-47) at 1/100 dilution in 1% BSA in PBST overnight at 4 ℃. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor™ 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Beta tubulin (HA601187, red) was stained at 1/100 dilution overnight at $+4^{\circ}$ C. Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (iFluor 594, HA1126) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

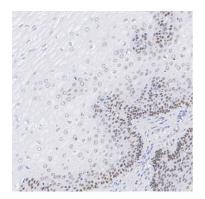


Fig3: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human esophagus tissue with Rabbit anti-p63 antibody (ET7110-47) at 1/1.000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7110-47) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

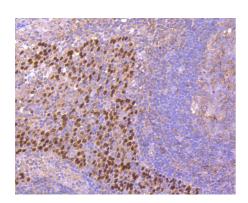


Fig4: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil tissue using anti-p63 antibody. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 8.0-8.4) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 5% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7110-47, 1/200) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

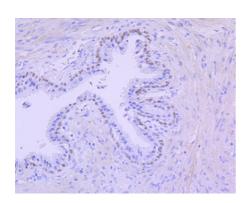


Fig5: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human prostate tissue using anti-p63 antibody. The section was pretreated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 8.0-8.4) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 5% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH $_2$ O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7110-47, 1/1000) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

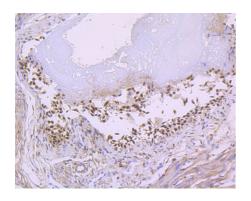


Fig6: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse prostate tissue using anti-p63 antibody. The section was pretreated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 8.0-8.4) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 5% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7110-47, 1/200) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

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Note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".

Background References

- 1. Patel V. et. al. p63 Silencing induces reprogramming of cardiac fibroblasts into cardiomyocyte-like cells.J Thorac Cardiovasc Surg. 2018 Aug;156(2):556-565.e1.
- 2. Yang Y. et. al. Spatial-Temporal Lineage Restrictions of Embryonic p63+ Progenitors Establish Distinct Stem Cell Pools in Adult Airways. Dev Cell. 2018 Mar 26;44(6):752-761.e4.