# **Anti-USP11 Antibody [JM33-62]**

### ET1705-38



**Product Type:** Recombinant Rabbit monoclonal IgG, primary antibodies

Species reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications: WB, IF-Cell, IF-Tissue, IHC-P, FC, IP

Molecular Wt: Predicted band size: 110 kDa

Clone number: JM33-62

**Description:** Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase or Ubiquitin specific protease 11 is an enzyme that in

humans is encoded by the USP11 gene. USP11 belongs to the Ubiquitin specific proteases family (USPs) which is a sub-family of the Deubiquitinating enzymes (DUBs).USPs are multiple domain proteases and belong to the C19 cysteine proteases sub family. Depending on their domain architecture and position there is different homology between the various members. Protein ubiquitination controls many intracellular processes, including cell cycle progression, transcriptional activation, and signal transduction. This dynamic process, involving ubiquitin conjugating enzymes and deubiquitinating enzymes, adds and removes ubiquitin. Deubiquitinating enzymes are cysteine proteases that specifically cleave ubiquitin from ubiquitin-conjugated protein substrates. This gene encodes a deubiquitinating enzyme

which lies in a gene cluster on chromosome Xp11.23.

**Immunogen:** Synthetic peptide within Human USP11 aa 879-928 / 963.

Positive control: 293T cell lysates, A549, HepG2, SH-SY5Y, mouse brain tissue, rat testis tissue, Jurkat.

**Subcellular location:** Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Predominantly nuclear.

Database links: SwissProt: P51784 Human | Q99K46 Mouse

**Recommended Dilutions:** 

 WB
 1:500-1:1,000

 IF-Cell
 1:50-1:200

 IF-Tissue
 1:50-1:200

 IHC-P
 1:100-1:500

 FC
 1:50-1:100

**IP** Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Storage Buffer: 1\*TBS (pH7.4), 0.05% BSA, 40% Glycerol. Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide.

**Storage Instruction:** Shipped at  $4^{\circ}$ C. Store at  $+4^{\circ}$ C short term (1-2 weeks). It is recommended to aliquot into

single-use upon delivery. Store at -20 °C long term.

**Purity:** Protein A affinity purified.

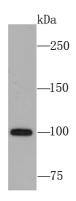
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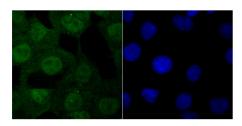
Service mail:support@huabio.cn



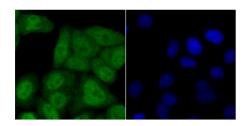
#### **Images**



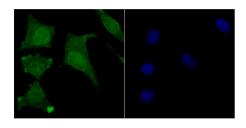
**Fig1:** Western blot analysis of USP11 on 293T cell lysates. Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% BSA in PBS for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody (ET1705-38, 1/500) was used in 5% BSA at room temperature for 2 hours. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1:200,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.



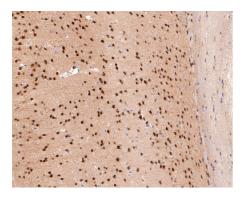
**Fig2:** ICC staining of USP11 in A549 cells (green). Formalin fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 10 minutes at room temperature and blocked with 10% negative goat serum for 15 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody (ET1705-38, 1/50) for 1 hour at room temperature, washed with PBS. Alexa Fluor®488 conjugate-Goat anti-Rabbit IgG was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue).



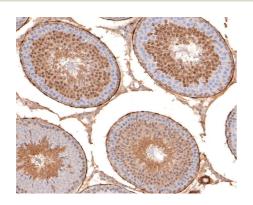
**Fig3:** ICC staining of USP11 in HepG2 cells (green). Formalin fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 10 minutes at room temperature and blocked with 10% negative goat serum for 15 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody (ET1705-38, 1/50) for 1 hour at room temperature, washed with PBS. Alexa Fluor®488 conjugate-Goat anti-Rabbit IgG was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue).



**Fig4:** ICC staining of USP11 in SH-SY5Y cells (green). Formalin fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 10 minutes at room temperature and blocked with 10% negative goat serum for 15 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody (ET1705-38, 1/50) for 1 hour at room temperature, washed with PBS. Alexa Fluor®488 conjugate-Goat anti-Rabbit IgG was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue).



**Fig5:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse brain tissue using anti-USP11 antibody. The section was pretreated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) (high pressure) for 2 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET1705-38, 1/400) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



**Fig6:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat testis tissue using anti-USP11 antibody. The section was pretreated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) (high pressure) for 2 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET1705-38, 1/400) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

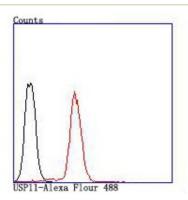


Fig7: Flow cytometric analysis of USP11 was done on Jurkat cells. The cells were fixed, permeabilized and stained with the primary antibody (ET1705-38, 1/50) (red). After incubation of the primary antibody at room temperature for an hour, the cells were stained with a Alexa Fluor®488 conjugate-Goat anti-Rabbit IgG Secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution for 30 minutes.Unlabelled sample was used as a control (cells without incubation with primary antibody; black).

Note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".

### **Background References**

- 1. Orthwein A et al. A mechanism for the suppression of homologous recombination in G1 cells. Nature 528:422-6 (2015).
- 2. Laurette P et al. Transcription factor MITF and remodeller BRG1 define chromatin organisation at regulatory elements in melanoma cells. Elife 4. doi: 10.7554/eLife.06857 (2015).

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