

# Anti-Caveolin-1 Antibody [SZ02-01]

ET1603-1



<b>Product Type:</b>	Recombinant Rabbit monoclonal IgG, primary antibodies
<b>Species reactivity:</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Applications:</b>	WB, IF-Cell, IF-Tissue, IHC-P
<b>Molecular Wt:</b>	Predicted band size: 20 kDa
<b>Clone number:</b>	SZ02-01

**Description:** Caveolae (also known as plasmalemmal vesicles) are 50-100 nm flask-shaped membranes that represent a subcompartment of the plasma membrane. On the basis of morphological studies, caveolae have been implicated to function in the transcytosis of various macromolecules (including LDL) across capillary endothelial cells, uptake of small molecules via potocytosis and the compartmentalization of certain signaling molecules including G protein-coupled receptors. Three proteins, caveolin-1, caveolin-2 and caveolin-3, have been identified as principal components of caveolae. Two forms of caveolin-1, designated alpha and beta, share a distinct but overlapping cellular distribution and differ by an amino terminal 31 amino acid sequence which is absent from the beta isoform. Caveolin-1 shares 31% identity with caveolin-2 and 65% identity with caveolin-3 at the amino acid level. Functionally, the three proteins differ in their interactions with heterotrimeric G protein isoforms.

**Immunogen:** Synthetic peptide within Human Caveolin-1 aa 129-178 / 178.

**Positive control:** A549 cell lysate, A431 cell lysate, human lung tissue lysate, mouse lung tissue lysate, mouse heart tissue lysate, rat lung tissue lysate, rat heart tissue lysate, A549, MCF-7, NIH/3T3, human lung tissue, human liver tissue, human liver carcinoma tissue, human uterus tissue, mouse lung tissue, mouse liver tissue, mouse heart tissue.

**Subcellular location:** Golgi apparatus membrane, Cell membrane, Membrane.

**Database links:** SwissProt: Q03135 Human | P49817 Mouse | P41350 Rat

**Recommended Dilutions:**

<b>WB</b>	1:500-1:5,000
<b>IF-Cell</b>	1:50-1:200
<b>IF-Tissue</b>	1:50-1:200
<b>IHC-P</b>	1:50-1:1,000

**Storage Buffer:** 1\*TBS (pH7.4), 0.05% BSA, 40% Glycerol. Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide.

**Storage Instruction:** Store at +4°C after thawing. Aliquot store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

**Purity:** Protein A affinity purified.

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Orders:0086-571-88062880

Technical:0086-571-89986345

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## Images

**Fig1:** Western blot analysis of Caveolin-1 on different lysates with Rabbit anti-Caveolin-1 antibody (ET1603-1) at different dilutions.

Lane 1/2: A549 cell lysate

Lane 3/4: A431 cell lysate

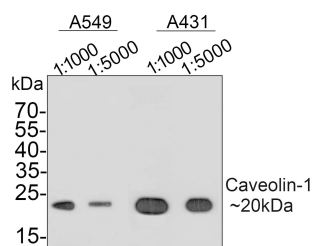
Lysates/proteins at 10 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 20 kDa

Observed band size: 20 kDa

Exposure time: 2 minutes;

12% SDS-PAGE gel.



Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% NFDM/TBST for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody (ET1603-1) at different dilutions were used in 5% NFDM/TBST at room temperature for 2 hours. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1:300,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.

**Fig2:** Western blot analysis of Caveolin-1 on different lysates with Rabbit anti-Caveolin-1 antibody (ET1603-1) at 1/1,000 dilution.

Lane 1: A549 cell lysate (10 µg/Lane)

Lane 2: A431 cell lysate (10 µg/Lane)

Lane 3: Human lung tissue lysate (40 µg/Lane)

Lane 4: Mouse lung tissue lysate (40 µg/Lane)

Lane 5: Mouse heart tissue lysate (40 µg/Lane)

Lane 6: Rat lung tissue lysate (40 µg/Lane)

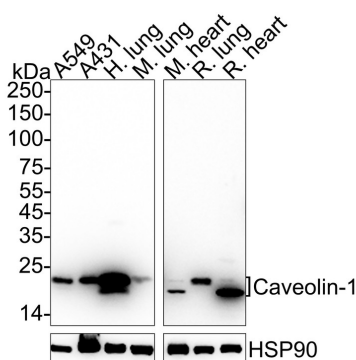
Lane 7: Rat heart tissue lysate (40 µg/Lane)

Predicted band size: 20 kDa

Observed band size: 20/18 kDa

Exposure time: Lane 1-4: 6 seconds; Lane 5-7: 30 seconds; ECL: K1801;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.



Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% NFDM/TBST for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody (ET1603-1) at 1/1,000 dilution was used in 5% NFDM/TBST at 4°C overnight. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1/50,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.

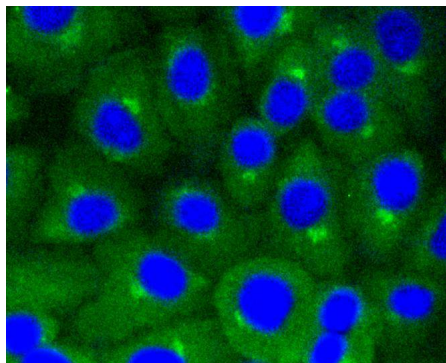
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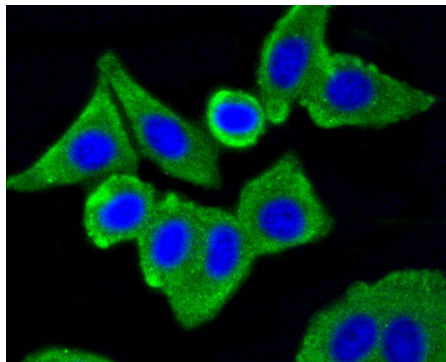
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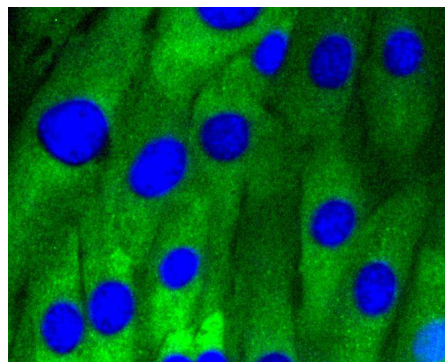
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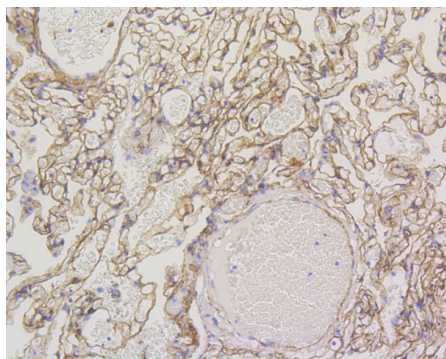
**Fig3:** ICC staining of Caveolin-1 in A549 cells (green). Formalin fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 10 minutes at room temperature and blocked with 1% Blocker BSA for 15 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody (ET1603-1, 1/50) for 1 hour at room temperature, washed with PBS. Alexa Fluor®488 Goat anti-Rabbit IgG was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue).



**Fig4:** ICC staining of Caveolin-1 in MCF-7 cells (green). Formalin fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 10 minutes at room temperature and blocked with 1% Blocker BSA for 15 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody (ET1603-1, 1/50) for 1 hour at room temperature, washed with PBS. Alexa Fluor®488 Goat anti-Rabbit IgG was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue).

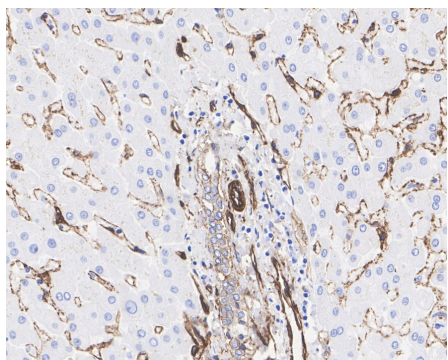


**Fig5:** ICC staining of Caveolin-1 in NIH/3T3 cells (green). Formalin fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 10 minutes at room temperature and blocked with 1% Blocker BSA for 15 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody (ET1603-1, 1/50) for 1 hour at room temperature, washed with PBS. Alexa Fluor®488 Goat anti-Rabbit IgG was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue).



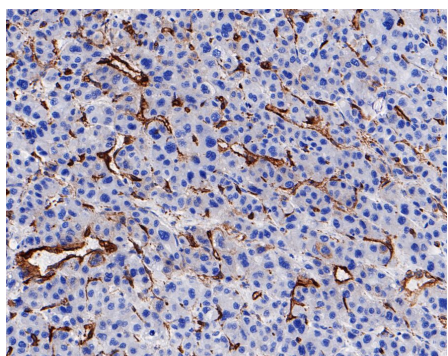
**Fig6:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human lung tissue using anti-Caveolin-1 antibody. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 8.0-8.4) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 5% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET1603-1, 1/200) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.





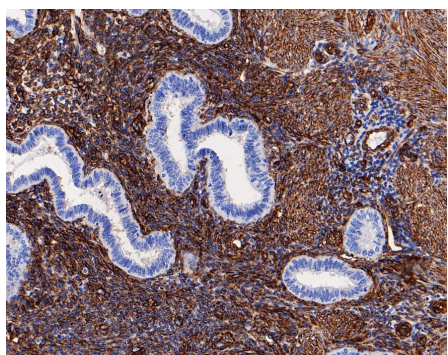
**Fig7:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver tissue with Rabbit anti-Caveolin-1 antibody (ET1603-1) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET1603-1) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



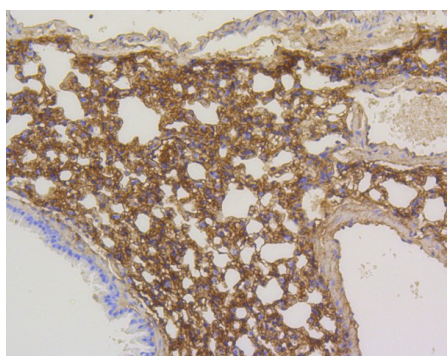
**Fig8:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver carcinoma tissue with Rabbit anti-Caveolin-1 antibody (ET1603-1) at 1/200 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET1603-1) at 1/200 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

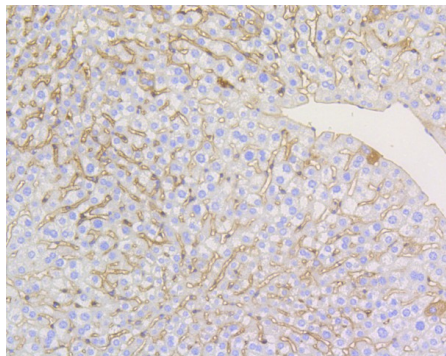


**Fig9:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human uterus tissue with Rabbit anti-Caveolin-1 antibody (ET1603-1) at 1/200 dilution.

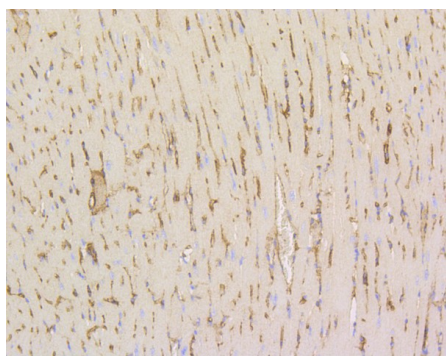
The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET1603-1) at 1/200 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



**Fig10:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse lung tissue using anti-Caveolin-1 antibody. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 8.0-8.4) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 5% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET1603-1, 1/50) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



**Fig11:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse liver tissue using anti-Caveolin-1 antibody. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 8.0-8.4) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 5% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET1603-1, 1/50) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



**Fig12:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse heart tissue using anti-Caveolin-1 antibody. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 8.0-8.4) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 5% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET1603-1, 1/50) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

**Note:** All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".

### Background References

1. Chen D et al. Glioma cell proliferation controlled by ERK activity-dependent surface expression of PDGFRA. *PLoS One* 9:e87281 (2014).
2. Olofsson A et al. Uptake of *Helicobacter pylori* vesicles is facilitated by clathrin-dependent and clathrin-independent endocytic pathways. *MBio* 5:e00979-14 (2014).

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