Anti-Human Insulin Antibody [PSH04-15] - BSA and Azide free (Capture)

HA722096



Product Type: Recombinant Rabbit monoclonal IgG, primary antibodies

Species reactivity: Human

Applications: ELISA(Cap)

Molecular Wt: Predicted band size: 12 kDa

Clone number: PSH04-15

Description: This gene encodes insulin, a peptide hormone that plays a vital role in the regulation of carbohydrate and lipid

metabolism. After removal of the precursor signal peptide, proinsulin is post-translationally cleaved into three peptides: the B chain and A chain peptides, which are covalently linked via two disulfide bonds to form insulin, and C-peptide. Binding of insulin to the insulin receptor (INSR) stimulates glucose uptake. A multitude of mutant alleles with phenotypic effects have been identified, including insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, permanent neonatal diabetes diabetes mellitus, maturity-onset diabetes of the young type 10 and hyperproinsulinemia. There is a read-through gene, INS-IGF2, which overlaps with this gene at the 5' region and with the IGF2 gene at the 3' region. Insulin decreases blood glucose concentration. It increases cell permeability to monosaccharides, amino acids and fatty acids. It accelerates glycolysis, the pentose phosphate cycle, and

glycogen synthesis in liver.

Immunogen: Recombinant protein within human Insulin aa 15-110.

Subcellular location: Secreted.

Database links: SwissProt P01308 Human

Recommended Dilutions:

ELISA(Cap) Use at an assay dependent concentration. Can be paired for Sandwich ELISA with Rabbit monoclonal [PSH04-

16] to Human Insulin (Detector) (HA722097).

Storage Buffer: PBS (pH7.4).

Storage Instruction: Store at +4°C after thawing. Aliquot store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

Purity: Protein A affinity purified.

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No Images

Note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".

Background References

- 1. Johansson U et al. Pancreatic Islet Survival and Engraffment Is Promoted by Culture on Functionalized Spider Silk Matrices. PLoS One 10:e0130169 (2015).
- 2. Hoelen H et al. Proteasomal Degradation of Proinsulin Requires Derlin-2, HRD1 and p97. PLoS One 10:e0128206 (2015).