

# Anti-CD38 Antibody [PD01-49]

HA721268



<b>Product Type:</b>	Recombinant Rabbit monoclonal IgG, primary antibodies
<b>Species reactivity:</b>	Human
<b>Applications:</b>	WB, IHC-P, IF-Cell, FC, mIHC, IF-Tissue
<b>Molecular Wt:</b>	Predicted band size: 34 kDa
<b>Clone number:</b>	PD01-49

**Description:** CD38 (cluster of differentiation 38), also known as cyclic ADP ribose hydrolase is a glycoprotein found on the surface of many immune cells (white blood cells), including CD4+, CD8+, B lymphocytes and natural killer cells. CD38 also functions in cell adhesion, signal transduction and calcium signaling. CD38 can function either as a receptor or as an enzyme. [13] As a receptor, CD38 can attach to CD31 on the surface of T cells, thereby activating those cells to produce a variety of cytokines. CD38 is a multifunctional enzyme that catalyzes the synthesis of ADP ribose (ADPR) (97%) and cyclic ADP-ribose (cADPR) (3%) from NAD<sup>+</sup>. CD38 is thought to be a major regulator of NAD<sup>+</sup> levels, its NADase activity is much higher than its function as an ADP-ribosyl-cyclase: for every 100 molecules of NAD<sup>+</sup> converted to ADP ribose it generates one molecule of cADPR. When nicotinic acid is present under acidic conditions, CD38 can hydrolyze nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate (NADP<sup>+</sup>) to NAADP. These reaction products are essential for the regulation of intracellular Ca<sup>2+</sup>. CD38 occurs not only as an ectoenzyme on cell outer surfaces, but also occurs on the inner surface of cell membranes, facing the cytosol performing the same enzymatic functions. CD38 is believed to control or influence neurotransmitter release in the brain by producing cADPR. CD38 within the brain enables release of the affiliative neuropeptide oxytocin. Like CD38, CD157 is a member of the ADP-ribosyl cyclase family of enzymes that catalyze the formation of cADPR from NAD<sup>+</sup>, although CD157 is a much weaker catalyst than CD38. The SARM1 enzyme also catalyzes the formation of cADPR from NAD<sup>+</sup>, but SARM1 elevates cADPR much more efficiently than CD38.

<b>Immunogen:</b>	Synthetic peptide within human CD38 aa 250-300.
<b>Positive control:</b>	Daudi cell lysates, human tonsil tissue, A549, THP-1, human appendix tissue, human colon cancer tissue, human prostate tissue, human thymus tissue.
<b>Subcellular location:</b>	Membrane.
<b>Database links:</b>	SwissProt: P28907 Human
<b>Recommended Dilutions:</b>	
WB	1:1,000
IHC-P	1:1,000
IF-Cell	1:50
FC	1:1,000
mIHC	1:1,000
IF-Tissue	1:500
<b>Storage Buffer:</b>	PBS (pH7.4), 0.1% BSA, 40% Glycerol. Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide.
<b>Storage Instruction:</b>	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). It is recommended to aliquot into single-use upon delivery. Store at -20°C long term.
<b>Purity:</b>	Protein A affinity purified.

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Orders:0086-571-88062880

Technical:0086-571-89986345

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Applications:WB=Western blot IHC-P=Immunohistochemistry (paraffin) IF-Cell=Immunofluorescence (Cell) IF-Tissue=Immunofluorescence (Tissue) FC=Flow cytometry IP=Immunoprecipitation

## Images

**Fig1:** Western blot analysis of CD38 on Daudi cell lysates with Rabbit anti-CD38 antibody (HA721268) at 1/1,000 dilution.

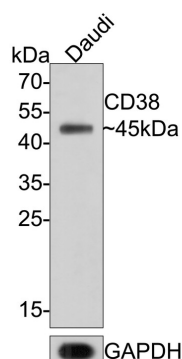
Lysates/proteins at 10 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 34 kDa

Observed band size: 45 kDa

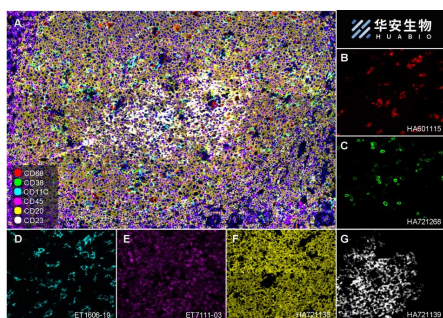
Exposure time: 2 minutes;

12% SDS-PAGE gel.



Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% NFDM/TBST for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody (HA721268) at 1/1,000 dilution was used in 5% NFDM/TBST at room temperature for 2 hours. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1:300,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.

**Fig2:** Fluorescence multiplex immunohistochemical analysis of Human tonsil (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections). Panel A: the merged image of anti-CD68 (HA601115, Red), anti-CD38 (HA721268, Green), anti-CD23 (HA721139, White), anti-CD11C (ET1606-19, Cyan), anti-CD45 (ET7111-03, Magenta) and anti-CD20 (HA721138, Yellow) on tonsil. Panel B: anti-CD68 stained on Macrophage. Panel C: anti-CD38 stained on lymphocyte subsets. Panel D: anti-CD11C stained on dendritic cells. Panel E: CD45 stained on lymphocytes. Panel F: anti-CD20 stained on B cells. Panel G: anti-CD23 stained on follicular dendritic cells. HRP Conjugated UltraPolymer Goat Polyclonal Antibody HA1119/HA1120 was used as a secondary antibody. The immunostaining was performed with the Sequential Immunostaining Kit (IRISKit™MH010101, www.luminiris.cn). The section was incubated in six rounds of staining: in the order of HA601115 (1/2,000 dilution), HA721268 (1/1,000 dilution), ET1606-19 (1/1,000 dilution), ET7111-03 (1/500 dilution), HA721138 (1/2,000 dilution) and HA721139 (1/800 dilution) for 20 mins at room temperature. Each round was followed by a separate fluorescent tyramide signal amplification system. Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 30 mins at 95°C. DAPI (blue) was used as a nuclear counter stain. Image acquisition was performed with Olympus VS200 Slide Scanner.



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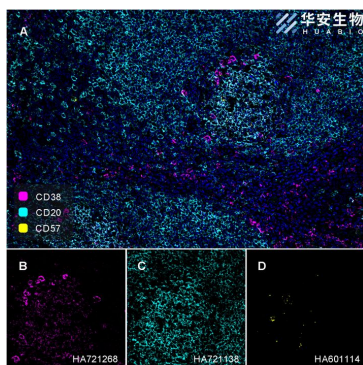
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Technical:0086-571-89986345

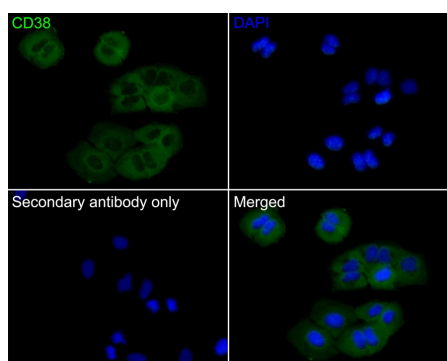
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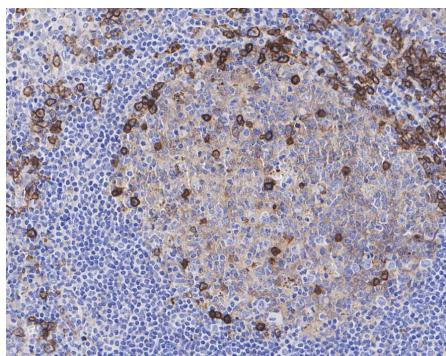


**Fig3:** Fluorescence multiplex immunohistochemical analysis of human tonsil (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections). Panel A: the merged image of anti-CD20 (HA721138, Cyan), anti-CD38 (HA721268, Violet) and anti-CD57 (HA601114, Yellow) on tonsil. HRP Conjugated UltraPolymer Goat Polyclonal Antibody HA1119/HA1120 was used as a secondary antibody. The immunostaining was performed with the Sequential Immunostaining Kit (IRISKit™MH010101, www.luminiris.cn). The section was incubated in three rounds of staining: in the order of HA721138 (1/2,000 dilution), HA721268 (1/1,000 dilution) and HA601114 (1/1,000 dilution) for 20 mins at room temperature. Each round was followed by a separate fluorescent tyramide signal amplification system. Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 30 mins at 95℃. DAPI (blue) was used as a nuclear counter stain. Image acquisition was performed with Zeiss Observer 7 Inverted Fluorescence Microscope.



**Fig4:** Immunocytochemistry analysis of A549 cells labeling CD38 with Rabbit anti-CD38 antibody (HA721268) at 1/50 dilution.

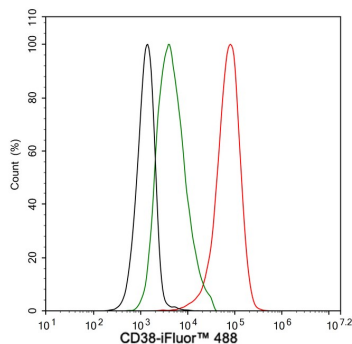
Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 10 minutes at 37 °C, permeabilized with 0.05% Triton X-100 in PBS for 20 minutes, and then blocked with 2% negative goat serum for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-CD38 antibody (HA721268) at 1/50 dilution in 2% negative goat serum overnight at 4 °C. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor™ 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.



**Fig5:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil tissue with Rabbit anti-CD38 antibody (HA721268) at 1/2,000 dilution.

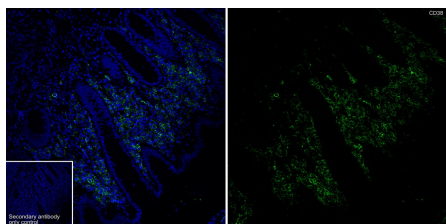
The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA721268) at 1/2,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.





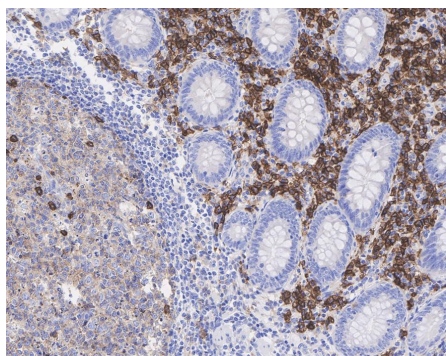
**Fig6:** Flow cytometric analysis of THP-1 cells labeling CD38.

Cells were washed twice with cold PBS and resuspend. Then stained with the primary antibody (HA721268, 1 $\mu$ g/mL) (red) compared with Rabbit IgG Isotype Control (green). After incubation of the primary antibody at +4 $^{\circ}$ C for an hour, the cells were stained with a iFluor™ 488 conjugate-Goat anti-Rabbit IgG Secondary antibody (HA1121) at 1/1,000 dilution for 30 minutes at +4 $^{\circ}$ C. Unlabelled sample was used as a control (cells without incubation with primary antibody; black).



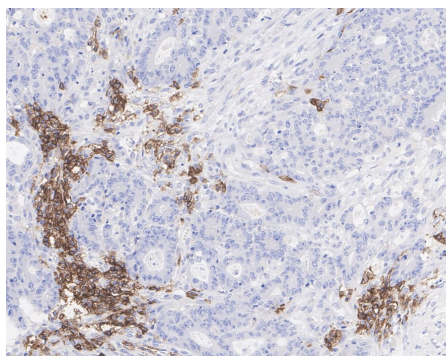
**Fig7:** Immunofluorescence analysis of paraffin-embedded human appendix tissue labeling CD38 with Rabbit anti-CD38 antibody (HA721268) at 1/500 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 10% negative goat serum for 1 hour at room temperature, washed with PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA721268, green) at 1/500 dilution overnight at 4 $^{\circ}$ C, washed with PBS. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor™ 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. Nuclei were counterstained with DAPI (blue).



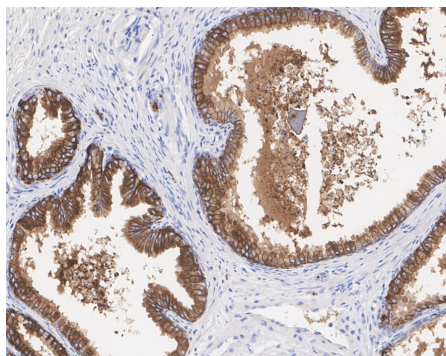
**Fig8:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human appendix tissue with Rabbit anti-CD38 antibody (HA721268) at 1/2,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA721268) at 1/2,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



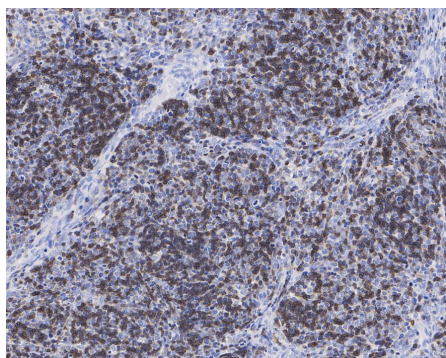
**Fig9:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon cancer tissue with Rabbit anti-CD38 antibody (HA721268) at 1/2,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA721268) at 1/2,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



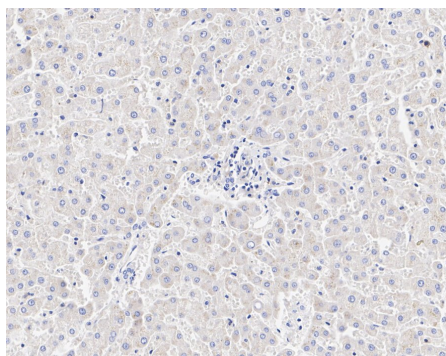
**Fig10:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human prostate tissue with Rabbit anti-CD38 antibody (HA721268) at 1/2,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA721268) at 1/2,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



**Fig11:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human thymus tissue with Rabbit anti-CD38 antibody (HA721268) at 1/2,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA721268) at 1/2,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



**Fig12:** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver tissue (negative) with Rabbit anti-CD38 antibody (HA721268) at 1/2,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH<sub>2</sub>O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (HA721268) at 1/2,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

**Note:** All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".

### Background References

1. Guerreiro S et al. CD38 in Neurodegeneration and Neuroinflammation. Cells. 2020 Feb
2. Piedra-Quintero ZL et al. CD38: An Immunomodulatory Molecule in Inflammation and Autoimmunity. Front Immunol. 2020 Nov

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