Anti-Lamin A/C Antibody [JE51-60]

ET7110-12



Product Type: Recombinant Rabbit monoclonal IgG, primary antibodies

Species reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications: WB, IF-Cell, IHC-P, FC

Molecular Wt: Predicted band size: 74 kDa

Clone number: JE51-60

Description: A unique family of cysteine proteases has been described that differs in sequence, structure and substrate

specificity from any previously described protease family. This family, termed Ced-3/ICE, is comprised of ICE, CPP32, ICH-1/Nedd-2, Tx, Mch2, Mch3 (ICE-LAP3 or CMH-1), Mch4 and ICE-LAP6. Ced-3/ICE family members function as key components of the apoptotic machinery and act to destroy specific target proteins which are critical to cellular longevity. Nuclear lamins are critical to maintaining the integrity of the nuclear envelope and cellular morphology. The nuclear Lamin A is cleaved by Mch2, but not CPP32. Nuclear Lamin B is fragmented as a consequence of apoptosis by an unidentified member of the ICE family. Lamin C is a splice variant of Lamin A, differing only at the carboxy-terminus. Lamins A and C are identical for the first 566 amino acids, with Lamin C

differing only in six unique carboxy-terminal amino acids.

Immunogen: Recombinant protein within Human Lamin A/C aa 191-309 / 664.

Positive control: A549 cell lysate, HeLa cell lysate, NIH/3T3 cell lysate, HeLa, human skin tissue, human breast tissue, human

colon carcinoma tissue, human colon tissue, human tonsil tissue, human gastric carcinoma tissue, mouse brain

tissue, mouse colon tissue, rat colon tissue.

Subcellular location: Intermediate filament, Nucleus.

Database links: SwissProt P02545 Human | P48678 Mouse | P48679 Rat

Recommended Dilutions:

WB 1:500-1:2,000

IF-Cell 1:200

IHC-P 1:50-1:2,000 **FC** 1:1,000

Storage Buffer: 1*TBS (pH7.4), 0.05% BSA, 40% Glycerol. Preservative: 0.05% SodiumAzide.

Storage Instruction: Store at +4 $^{\circ}$ C after thawing. Aliquot store at -20 $^{\circ}$ C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

Purity: Protein A affinity purified.

Hangzhou Huaan Biotechnology Co., Ltd.



Technical:0086-571-89986345

Service mail:support@huabio.cn



Images

Fig1: Western blot analysis of Lamin A/C on different lysates with Rabbit anti-Lamin A/C antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/500 dilution.

Lane 1: A549 cell lysate Lane 2: HeLa cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 10 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 74 kDa Observed band size: 72/60 kDa

Exposure time: 2 minutes; ECL: K1801;

8% SDS-PAGE gel.

Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% NFDM/TBST for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/500 dilution was used in 5% NFDM/TBST at 4°C overnight. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1/200,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.

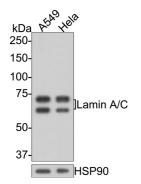


Fig2: Western blot analysis of Lamin A/C on NIH/3T3 cell lysates with Rabbit anti-Lamin A/C antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/1,000 dilution.

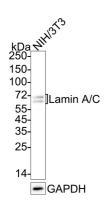
Lysates/proteins at 10 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 74 kDa Observed band size: 72/60 kDa

Exposure time: 10 seconds; ECL: K1801;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.

Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% NFDM/TBST for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/1,000 dilution was used in 5% NFDM/TBST at room temperature for 2 hours. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1/50,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.



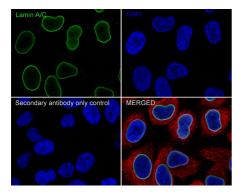


Fig3: Immunocytochemistry analysis of HeLa cells labeling Lamin A/C with Rabbit anti-Lamin A/C antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/200 dilution.

Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 10 minutes at 37 $^{\circ}$ C, permeabilized with 0.05% Triton X-100 in PBS for 20 minutes, and then blocked with 2% negative goat serum for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-Lamin A/C antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/200 dilution in 2% negative goat serum overnight at 4 $^{\circ}$ C. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor M 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Beta tubulin (M1305-2, red) was stained at 1/200 dilution overnight at +4°C. Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (iFluor™ 594, HA1126) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

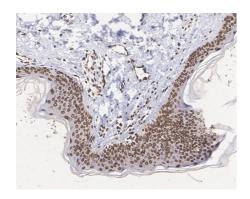


Fig4: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human skin tissue with Rabbit anti-Lamin A/C antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/2,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 2 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/2,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

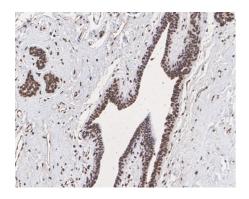


Fig5: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast tissue with Rabbit anti-Lamin A/C antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/2,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 2 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/2,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

Hangzhou Huaan Biotechnology Co., Ltd.

火华安生物 H u A B L o www.huabio.cn

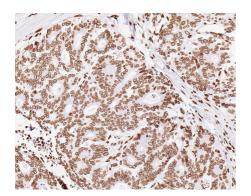


Fig6: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma tissue with Rabbit anti-Lamin A/C antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 2 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



Fig7: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon tissue with Rabbit anti-Lamin A/C antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 2 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

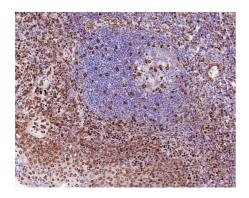


Fig8: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil tissue with Rabbit anti-Lamin A/C antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 2 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

Hangzhou Huaan Biotechnology Co., Ltd.

グルキ安生物 www.huabio.cn

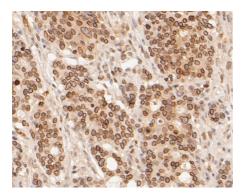


Fig9: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human gastric carcinoma tissue using anti-Lamin A/C antibody. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 5% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7110-12, 1/50) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

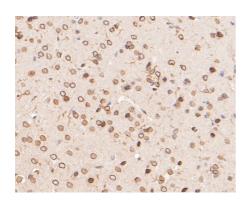


Fig10: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse brain tissue using anti-Lamin A/C antibody. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 5% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7110-12, 1/200) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

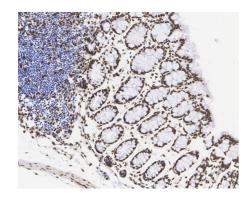


Fig11: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse colon tissue with Rabbit anti-Lamin A/C antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 2 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH_2O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

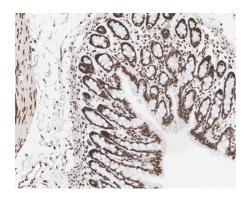


Fig12: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat colon tissue with Rabbit anti-Lamin A/C antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/1,000 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 2 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET7110-12) at 1/1,000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

Hangzhou Huaan Biotechnology Co., Ltd.

Orders: 0086-571-88062880

Technical: 0086-571-89986345

Service mail:support@huabio.cn



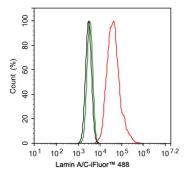


Fig13: Flow cytometric analysis of HeLa cells labeling Lamin A/C.

Cells were fixed and permeabilized. Then stained with the primary antibody (ET7110-12, 1ug/ml) (red) compared with Rabbit IgG Isotype Control (green). After incubation of the primary antibody at +4°C for an hour, the cells were stained with a iFluor™ 488 conjugate-Goat anti-Rabbit IgG Secondary antibody (HA1121) at 1/1,000 dilution for 30 minutes at +4°C. Unlabelled sample was used as a control (cells without incubation with primary antibody; black).

Note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".

Background References

- 1. Jimenez-Escrig A. et. al. Autosomal recessive Emery-Dreifuss muscular dystrophy caused by a novel mutation (R225Q) in the lamin A/C gene identified by exome sequencing. Muscle Nerve 45:605-610(2012).
- 2. Renou L. et al. Heart-hand syndrome of Slovenian type: a new kind of laminopathy. J. Med. Genet 45:666-671(2008).