Anti-NF-kB p65 Antibody [SZ10-04]

ET1603-12



Product Type: Recombinant Rabbit monoclonal IgG, primary antibodies

Species reactivity: Human, Mouse

Applications: WB, IF-Cell, IF-Tissue, IHC-P, IP, FC

Molecular Wt: Predicted band size: 65 kDa

Clone number: SZ10-04

Description: Proteins encoded by the v-Rel viral oncogene and its cellular homolog, c-Rel, are members of a family of

transcription factors that include the two subunits of the transcription factor NF kB (p50 and p65) and the Drosophila maternal morphogen, dorsal. Both proteins specifically bind to DNA sequences that are the same or slight variations of the 10 bp kB sequence in the immunoglobulin k light chain enhancer. This same sequence is also present in a number of other cellular and viral enhancers. The DNA binding activity of NFkB is activated and NFkB is subsequently transported from the cytoplasm to the nucleus in cells exposed to mitogens or growth factors. cDNAs encoding precursors for two distinct proteins of the same size have been described, designated p105 and p100. The p105 precursor contains p50 at its N-terminus and a C-terminal region that when

expressed as a separate molecule, designated pdl, binds to p50 and regulates its activity.

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide within human NF-kB p65 aa 490-540.

Positive control: Hela whole cell lysate, A549 cell lysate, MCF7 cell lysate, HeLa cell lysate, RAW264.7 cell lysate, HeLa cells

treated with 50 ng/mL TNF-alpha for 20 minutes, A549, NIH/3T3, human lung squamous cell carcinoma tissue,

human breast carcinoma tissue, human lung tissue.

Subcellular location: Nucleus, Cytoplasm.

Database links: SwissProt Q04206 Human | Q04207 Mouse

Recommended Dilutions:

 WB
 1:1,000-1:5,000

 IF-Cell
 1:50-1:200

 IF-Tissue
 1:50-1:200

 IHC-P
 1:50-1:200

 FC
 1:2,000

IP Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Storage Buffer: 1*TBS (pH7.4), 0.05% BSA, 40% Glycerol. Preservative: 0.05% SodiumAzide.

Storage Instruction: Store at +4°C after thawing. Aliquot store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

Purity: Protein A affinity purified.

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Orders:0086-571-88062880

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Images

KDa 170-130-100-70-55- (ET1603-12) **Fig1:** All lanes: Western blot analysis of NF-κB p65 with anti-NF-κB p65 antibody [SZ10-04] (ET1603-12) at 1:500 dilution.

Lane 1: Wild-type Hela whole cell lysate (20 µg).

Lane 2: NF-kB p65 knockout Hela whole cell lysate (20 µg).

ET1603-12 was shown to specifically react with NF- κ B p65 in wild-type Hela cells. No band was observed when NF- κ B p65 knockout sample was tested. Wild-type and NF- κ B p65 knockout samples were subjected to SDS-PAGE. Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% NFDM in TBST for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody (ET1603-12, 1/500) and Loading control antibody (Rabbit anti- β -actin, R1207-1, 1/1,000) was used in 5% BSA at room temperature for 2 hours. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG-HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1:200,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.

Fig2: Western blot analysis of NF-κB p65 on different lysates with Rabbit anti-NF-κB p65 antibody (ET1603-12) at 1/1,000 dilution.

Lane 1: A549 cell lysate

Lane 1: A549 cell lysate Lane 2: MCF7 cell lysate Lane 3: HeLa cell lysate Lane 4: RAW264.7 cell lysate

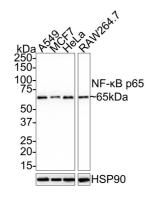
Lysates/proteins at 15 µg/Lane.

Predicted band size: 65 kDa Observed band size: 65 kDa

Exposure time: 49 seconds;

4-20% SDS-PAGE gel.

Proteins were transferred to a PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% NFDM/TBST for 1 hour at room temperature. The primary antibody (ET1603-12) at 1/1,000 dilution was used in 5% NFDM/TBST at room temperature for 2 hours. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG - HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) at 1:100,000 dilution was used for 1 hour at room temperature.





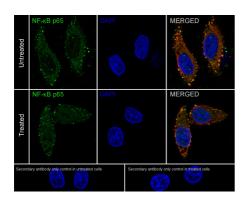


Fig3: Immunocytochemistry analysis of HeLa cells treated with or without 50 ng/mL TNF-alpha for 20 minutes labeling NF-κB p65 with Rabbit anti-NF-κB p65 antibody (ET1603-12) at 1/100 dilution.

Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde for 10 minutes at 37 $^{\circ}$ C, permeabilized with 0.05% Triton X-100 in PBS for 20 minutes, and then blocked with 2% negative goat serum for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were then incubated with Rabbit anti-NF- κ B p65 antibody (ET1603-12) at 1/100 dilution in 2% negative goat serum overnight at 4 $^{\circ}$ C. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (iFluor M 488, HA1121) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Beta tubulin (M1305-2, red) was stained at 1/100 dilution overnight at +4°C. Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (iFluor™ 594, HA1126) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

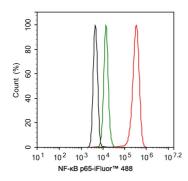


Fig4: Flow cytometric analysis of HeLa cells labeling NF-кВ p65.

Cells were fixed and permeabilized. Then stained with the primary antibody (ET1603-12, red) at 1/2,000 dilution, compared with Rabbit IgG Isotype Control (green). After incubation of the primary antibody at +4 $^{\circ}$ C for an hour, the cells were stained with a iFluor TM 488 conjugate-Goat anti-Rabbit IgG Secondary antibody (HA1121) at 1/1,000 dilution for 30 minutes at +4 $^{\circ}$ C. Unlabelled sample was used as a control (cells without incubation with primary antibody; black).

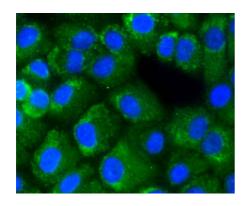


Fig5: ICC staining of NF-κB p65 in A549 cells (green). Formalin fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 10 minutes at room temperature and blocked with 1% Blocker BSA for 15 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody (ET1603-12, 1/50) for 1 hour at room temperature, washed with PBS. Alexa Fluor®488 Goat anti-Rabbit IgG was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue).

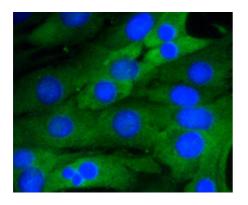


Fig6: ICC staining of NF-κB p65 in NIH/3T3 cells (green). Formalin fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 10 minutes at room temperature and blocked with 1% Blocker BSA for 15 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody (ET1603-12, 1/50) for 1 hour at room temperature, washed with PBS. Alexa Fluor®488 Goat anti-Rabbit IgG was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1,000 dilution. The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue).

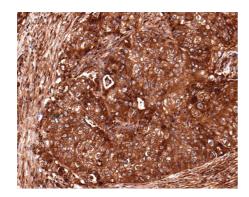


Fig7: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human lung squamous cell carcinoma tissue with Rabbit anti-NF-κB p65 antibody (ET1603-12) at 1/400 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET1603-12) at 1/400 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

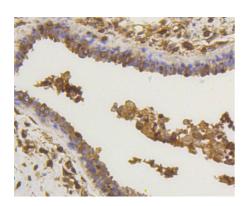


Fig8: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue using anti-NF-kB p65 antibody. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 8.0-8.4) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 5% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET1603-12, 1/50) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

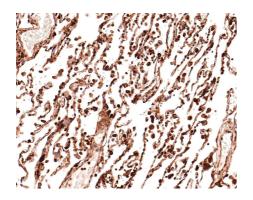


Fig9: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human lung tissue with Rabbit anti-NF-κB p65 antibody (ET1603-12) at 1/400 dilution.

The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 20 minutes. The tissues were blocked in 1% BSA for 20 minutes at room temperature, washed with ddH₂O and PBS, and then probed with the primary antibody (ET1603-12) at 1/400 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature. The detection was performed using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

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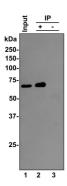


Fig10: NF- κ B p65 was immunoprecipitated from 0.5 mg Hela whole cell lysates with ET1603-12 at 2 μ g/mL. Western blot was performed from the immunoprecipitate using ET1603-12 at 1/500 dilution for 45 minutes at room temperature. Goat anti-Rabbit IgG-HRP Secondary Antibody (HA1001) was used at 1:300,000 dilution for 30 minutes at room temperature.

Lane 1: Hela whole cell lysates at 10 µg;

Lane 2: NF-kB p65 (ET1603-12) IP in Hela whole cell lysates;

Lane 3: Rabbit IgG instead of NF-kB p65 (ET1603-12) in Hela whole cell

lysates.

Predicted band size: 60 kDa Observed band size: 65 kDa

Exposure time: 10 seconds;

8% SDS-PAGE gel.

Note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".

Background References

- 1. Kang K et al. Carnosic acid slows photoreceptor degeneration in the Pde6b(rd10) mouse model of retinitis pigmentosa. Sci Rep 6:22632 (2016).
- 2. Kropp KA et al. A temporal gate for viral enhancers to co-opt Toll-like-receptor transcriptional activation pathways upon acute infection. PLoS Pathog 11:e1004737 (2015).