Anti-Bcl-2 Antibody

ER1706-47



Product Type: Rabbit polyclonal IgG, primary antibodies

Species reactivity: Human

Applications: WB, IF-Cell, IHC-P, FC

Molecular Wt: Predicted band size: 26 kDa

Description: Bcl-2 is one among many key regulators of apoptosis, which are essential for proper

development, tissue homeostasis, and protection against foreign pathogens. Human Bcl-2 is an anti-apoptotic, membrane-associated oncoprotein that can promote cell survival through protein-protein interactions with other Bcl-2 related family members, such as the death suppressors Bcl-xL, Mcl-1, Bcl-w, and A1 or the death agonists Bax, Bak, Bik, Bad, and Bid. The anti-apoptotic function of Bcl-2 can also be regulated through proteolytic processing and phospho-rylation. Bcl-2 may promote cell survival by interfering with the activation of the cytochrome c/Apaf-1 pathway through stabilization of the mitochondrial membrane. Mutations in the Bcl-2 gene can contribute to cancers where normal physiological cell death

mechanisms are compromised by deregulation of the anti-apoptotic influence of Bcl-2.

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide within human BCL2 aa 20-74.

Positive control: Hela, THP-1, HepG2, MCF-7, SH-SY5Y.

Subcellular location: Mitochondrion outer membrane, Nucleus membrane, Endoplasmic reticulum membrane,

Cytoplasm.

Database links: SwissProt: P10415 Human

Recommended Dilutions:

WB 1:500-1:1,000 IF-Cell 1:100-1:200 IHC-P 1:50-1:200 FC 1:50-1:100

Storage Buffer: 1*PBS (pH7.4), 0.2% BSA, 50% Glycerol. Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide.

Storage Instruction: Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). It is recommended to aliquot into

single-use upon delivery. Store at -20 ℃ long term.

Purity: Immunogen affinity purified.

Hangzhou Huaan Biotechnology Co., Ltd.



Service mail:support@huabio.cn



Images

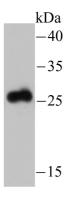


Fig1: Western blot analysis of BCL2 on Hela cell lysate using anti-BCL2 antibody at 1/1,000 dilution.

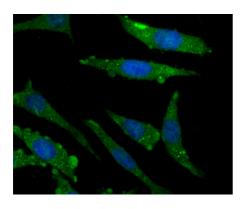


Fig2: ICC staining BCL2 in SH-SY5Y cells (green). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilised with 0.25% Triton X100/PBS.

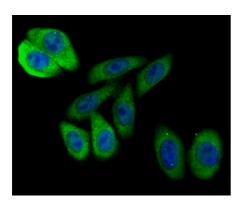


Fig3: ICC staining BCL2 in HepG2 cells (green). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilised with 0.25% Triton X100/PBS.

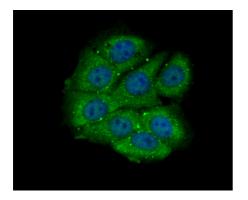


Fig4: ICC staining BCL2 in MCF-7 cells (green). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilised with 0.25% Triton X100/PBS.

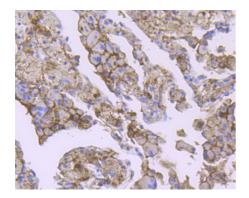


Fig5: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human lung cancer tissue using anti-BCL2 antibody. Counter stained with hematoxylin.

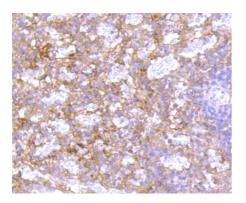


Fig6: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human spleen tissue using anti-BCL2 antibody. Counter stained with hematoxylin.

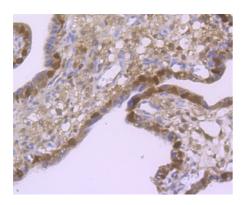


Fig7: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human placenta tissue using anti-BCL2 antibody. Counter stained with hematoxylin.

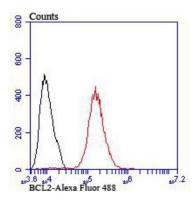


Fig8: Flow cytometric analysis of MCF-7 cells with BCL2 antibody at 1/100 dilution (red) compared with an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody; black). Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti rabbit IgG was used as the secondary antibody.

Note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE".

Background References

- 1. Sun Y et al. Therapeutic effect of apocynin through antioxidant activity and suppression of apoptosis and inflammation after spinal cord injury. Exp Ther Med 13:952-960 (2017).
- 2. Zhang Z et al. Sepia ink oligopeptide induces apoptosis and growth inhibition in human lung cancer cells. Oncotarget 8:23202-23212 (2017).